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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

The yellow haze of midsummer hung its radiant pennons over the velvet slopes of the Fairhaven farm; the river murmuring softly over its pebbly bottom, flashed up like a sheet of silver, and the purple fields of clover nodding ready for the scythe, filled the warm air with sweet, slumberous scents.

"Fine weather for the hayin'," said Elakim Fairhaven. To his material nature God's sunshine and the grand glitter of earth and sky were but the instruments to fill his pockets with solid gain—mere accessions to "a good crop." Alas! is not this world full of Elakim Fairhavens in one shape or another?

Miss Comfort Fairhaven sat beside him knitting and watching the cumbrous frolics of a pair of twin lambs, deserted by their heartless mother, whom she was "bringing up by hand."

"Yes," she said, with a mechanical glance in the direction of the bonny waifs, "Who's that a-coming up the path, I wonder?"

"One of the new hands, I calculate," said Elakim, screwing up his eyes. "I didn't 'gree to give 'em their supper and board into the bargain, a night afore the job begins—and I'm blessed if there ain't a little gal along with him!"

"'Tain't no hayin' hand," said Miss Comfort, rising and going down the steps to meet a slender child of nine years old, who was leading a pale, bowed-down man, who walked with difficulty, leaning on a crutch.

"Heart alive, child," said Miss Comfort, whose kindly nature involuntarily sympathized withall who were suffering or in distress; "what ails you, and what do you want here?"

"Please ma'am," began the child eagerly, "if you could give us a night's lodging—poor papa is so sick and tired, and—"

"No, I can't!" abruptly broke in Elakim Fairhaven. "This ain't no almshouse, nor yet a charity place. If ye can pay your way, well and good; if ye can't the sooner you go about your business the better!"

"We have no money," timidly began the child, while the man as if stunned and bewildered by the heartless fluency of the old farmer's speech, leaned up against the fence, pressing his hand on his forehead, "but——"

"Then clear out and be done with it!" said Elakim, resuming his seat with dogged composure.

Miss Comfort looked appealingly at her brother.

"If I could just get 'em a bowl of milk, Elakim, and——"

"Stuff and nonsense," sonorously ejaculated the farmer; "I ain't a goin' to give in to this sort of thing. Once begin, and you'll never leave off, you soft-headed womanfolk!"

Slowly and wearily the two poor travelers turned and plodded their way adown the broad, dusty road, the languid footsteps of the invalid scarce keeping up with the tripping pace of the child.

"Oh, papa, papa," sobbed the little girl, turning her blue, wistful eye to the white, worn face, 'how cruel people are!'".

He placed his hand upon her curly uncovered head.

"Never mind, Essie," he said, with a mournful, tender pathos in his voice; "it will soon end. It cannot be for long, as far as I am concerned, poor child. But for you—". He stopped, his voice husky with emotion.

They had walked what seemed to little Esther Bell a weary way, when there was a rustle among the wild rose bushes that overhung the stone wall at their side, and a voice called hurriedly to them to "stop."

"It's me," said Miss Comfort Fairhaven, reckless of her grammar. "Elakim—that's my brother—he's gone over to the class meetin' at Squire Dandas', and I cut down through lots to overtake you. I tell you I can't somehow get your father's face out o' my mind. You're sick, ain't you, mister?"

"I shall soon be quite well," he answered calmly, and Comfort Fairhaven's more experienced eye detected the hidden meaning which the little girl never once suspected. Yes, he would soon be well, but it would be in that country where the inhabitants never say "I am sick."

"Where are you going?" asked kind Miss Comfort, her voice growing husky in spite of herself.

"We are going to my grandpapa," said little Essie. "Grandpapa was vexed with my mamma for marrying papa and going to England, but papa thinks he'll take care of me now. But I won't stay with him unless papa stays too."

And she resolutely tightened her grasp upon the thin, fever-burning hand.

"I s'pose you want to get to Lonsdale?" said Miss Comfort.

The man nodded.

"Is it far?"

"Eleven good miles yet," said Miss Comfort, "but I'll tell ye what; I'll make Joab get out the wagon, and with a good buffalo robe over the seats you'll ride easy enough. They'll be back afore Eliakim gets through shoutin' and prayin'; and while you're a waitin' I'll bring down a smack o' bread and meat and a bottle of my currant wine. 'Taint good to travel on an empty stomach."

And five minutes later Miss Comfort was carrying her hospitable intentions into effect, greatly to the delight and appreciation of the hungry child.

"Now, see here," said Miss Comfort, drawing the child aside, when Jacob drove up with the comfortable farm wagon and stout old horse, "I don't guess you've got more money than you can use."

"We have only enough for our railroad tickets," said Essie, her countenance falling, "but ——"

"I thought so," said Miss Comfort; "and here's a five dollar bill I've laid aside out of my butter money that Eliakim don't know nothin' about.

The child's eyes were brimming as she looked up in Miss Comfort's honest, hard-featured face.

"Will you let me kiss you, just once?" she whispered, standing on tiptoe to bring her blooming cheek close to the spinster's wrinkled lips.

Kissing, as Miss Comfort might herself have remarked, had she leisure for a remark, was not much in her way, but she could not resist the sweet, wistful entreaty.

"There," she said, with a strange moisture in her eyes, "run along; Joab's waitin'."

"Oh!" cried little Esther, as she sat on the buffalo-draped seat, "I wish I was rich and grown up?"

"Why, what'nd you do?" demanded honest Joab.

"I'd buy a diamond necklace and a pink dress for that good lady."

Joab chuckled. "I don't know as they'd become her," he said, with jocularity. "So gee up old Doll!"

* * * * * *

"I know I'm pretty old to be lookin' arter a situation," said Miss Comfort Fairhaven, "but I can't starve, nor I won't beg, so what's there left? We had a good farm once, but my brother couldn't rest till he speklated it all away, and now he's gone and I'm all alone. So, if you know of a good place as housekeeper, or matron in an asylum, or general overseer, I don't much care where—"

The intelligence office keeper, with a slight shrug of his shoulders, broke in on the torrent of Miss Fairhaven's explanatory eloquence.

"What wages did you ask?"

"I ain't particular about that so long as it's a good home."

"Here's a place that might perhaps suit you—housekeeper wanted at Mr. Dumponceau's, No.—— Fifth avenue. You might try it, although I hardly think a person like you would suit."

"I ain't young, I know," said Miss Comfort, with a sigh, but there's a deal of tough work left in me yet. Give me the address—I shan't give up and starve without tryin' for it."

Yet, in spite of all her philosophy, Miss Comfort's heart, like that of the queen of Sheba of old, grew faint within her as she sat in the luxurious reception room of the Fifth avenue mansion, surrounded by silken chairs, gilded tables, flashing mirrors and pictures, whose radiant skies might have been painted in liquidized gold, so rare and costly were they.

"I'm most sorry I come?" thought Miss Comfort. "I don't fairly believe I can give satisfaction here."

While the thought was passing through her mind, the door swung open, and a tall young lady in a blue silk morning robe entered—a young lady with golden brown hair looped after the fashionable style over her brow, and deep blue eyes.

Miss Comfort rose and dropped a stiff little courtesy.

"I've called to see—she began, but to her amazement the rest of her speech was abruptly checked by the young lady's arms being thrown round her neck.

"Oh, I'm so glad to see you," she cried out, ecstatically; "I thought I never should see you again. I went to the old farm, but you had gone away, nobody knew whither!"

And she hugged Miss Comfort more enthusiastically than ever, with bright tears sparkling on her eyelashes.

"Why," demanded the bewildered spinster, "who are you?"

"I'm Essie! Don't you remember little Essie Bell that you gave the five dollar bill to in the twilight by the wild rose bushes, when—"

"Oh—o—oh!" exclaimed Miss Comfort. "You don't mean to say you're that——"

And here she stopped, nearly strangled by Essie's renewed embraces while she listened to the story of how grandpapa had adopted her; and how she was surrounded by all that luxury could devise or art invent.

"And I have longed to see you again," added Essie, "for if it had not been for your kindness papa never could have lived to reach his home. And you shall live with me always now, and be my darling old friend."

"No," said Miss Comfort, gravely, shaking her head. "I've come to apply for a situation as housekeeper, and if you won't give it to me, I must go elsewhere."

And Essie was obliged to consent.

"But mind," said she, nodding the golden masses of her crepe hair. "I shall give you what wages I please! Grandpa always entrusts those things to my management."

So Miss Comfort Fairhaven stayed nominally as housekeeper—really the trusted and revered head of the establishment, and her declining years were surrounded by a peace and luxury she never had dared to dream of in her loftiest aspirations.

Miss Comfort Fairhaven had invested the five-dollar bill advantageously. She had cast her bread upon the waters, and after many days it had returned to her.

Thirteen Miles of Loaded Tables.

"At the coronation of Alexander II." says the Moscow correspondent of the London Telegraph, "there were no less than thirteen miles of tables (672 in number) laid symmetrically along the Khodynsky Field, just outside of the city, and on the eve of the historic day they were covered with various kinds of eatables for the multitude. Thus, on each table were placed five roasted sheep, the horns gilt or silvered, and on each side of the improvised tables stood firs or pines, like the traditional Christmas trees of the Germans, from which hung, not merely the usual apples, pears, sweetmeats and fancy breads, but likewise roasted ducks, chickens and hens galore. There were no plates, and the venerable old saying was acted upon that 'fingers were made before forks, and hands before knives.' No government with the wholesome fear of bankruptcy before its eyes would dream of undertaking to supply the people with alcoholic liquor in sufficient quantities, and therefore barrels and tubs of water were placed within easy reach of the thirsty mooshiks who might be unlucky enough to miss their share of the 'creature comforts,' par excellence, which were also supplied in vast quantities free of charge. Between the tables, and at intervals along the thirteen miles over which they extended, lofty arabesque-covered fountains were erected, whose capacious reservoirs were filled to overflowing with Crimean wine and the curious drink called myod. The national vodka, however, was conspicious by its absence."

The Nimble Klipspringer.

The klipspringer is a kind of antelope found in Africa, being abundant in the mountainous regions as far north as Abysinia, and if South African sportsmen are to be believed, he furnishes the finest kind of venison. These animals are about 42 inches long and 22 inches high, and the males have sharp spike horns, sometimes five inches long. These animal are remarkable climbers, running on the tips of their hoofs, and going up rock faces apparently as steep as the side of a house. The hoofs are made on the pneumatic principle, being nearly cylindrical, and cup shaped underneath, in order to break the fall by compressing the air. This same plan gives an extra firm hold on the rocks.

They are the most remarkably built antelopes, with a hip development equaled by no animal in America save the rabbit, which they resemble so very much that a sportsman seeing them going up a hill or in rapid locomotion might easily think they were the biggest rabbits he had ever heard tell of, let alone seen. It is not asserted that they sit upon their hind legs like the rabbit or hares, although it is possible that they do, judging from the hind legs, which, if the animals were to straighten them out, would give them the appearance of a kangaroo on all fours.—London Field.

Hens That Hatch Fish Eggs.

The hens of China lead busy lives. When not engaged in hatching out a brood of their own kind they are put to the additional and novel task of hatching fish eggs. Chinese cheap labor collects the spawn of fish from the water's edge, places it in an empty eggshell, which is then hermetically sealed with wax, and places it under the unsuspecting setting hen. After some days the eggshell is removed and carefully broken and the spawn, which has been warmed into life, is emptied into a shallow pool well warmed by the sun. Here the minnows that soon develop are nursed until strong enough to be turned into a lake or stream.—Chicago Chronicle.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

A wealthy Roman, in the reign of Nero, paid $1,200 for a female flute player.

Clarke McGavis, of Colorado, is nineteen years old, six feet nine inches high, and an enthusiastic bicycler.

According to a Frenchman, who has been experimenting, a single hair can carry a weight of more than six ounces.

Elche, in southern Spain, has a palm grove with 80,000 trees. The dates are inferior in quality to the African.

Two boys fishing at Sag Harbor, L. I., the other day, hooked a bicycle and pulled it out. It was pretty rusty, but otherwise in fair condition.

The vital statistics of Steuben, Me., for the 12 months just closed show a curious coincidence. During the year there were in the town 16 births, 16 deaths and 16 marriages.

Prisoners in the Bangor, Me., jail are to be supplied with potted plants to care for in their cells. It is believed the care of the plants will have an "elevating and reforming influence."

An intoxicated musician was arrested in Saarburg, near Metz, not long ago. The policemen who locked him up forgot all about him, and a week later the musician was found dead from starvation.

They say that a wealthy St. Louisan asked a commercial agency to get him a rating on his prospective son-in-law, who lives at Columbus, Ohio. The young man heard of it and got mad. So the wedding is off.

Samuel Taylor of Caribou, Me., cut a fine piece of maple about thirty years ago and now thinks that it ought to be about in condition to make a good back for a violin, so he has commenced to work on it.

A record of train accidents in the United States during the month of March shows that there were 134 in all, of which 57 were collisions, 72 derailments, and five other accidents. In these casualties 28 persons were killed and 95 injured.

An inmate of the Owasso, Mich., poorhouse demanded ham and eggs for breakfast, and when it was refused, proceeded to clean out the establishment, which he accomplished so effectually that quite a force of police had to be called.

The "egg-swallowing championship" of Oregon is held by a man in Dallas, who swallowed 25 raw eggs in a few seconds under two minutes. The best previous record was made by a Portland crank, who took twelve minutes to swallow two dozen eggs.

A novel industry in London is that of preserving eggs. The eggs are shelled, the white and yolk mixed together, and the whole packed in a hermetically sealed tin. Eggs in this shape will keep for a long time, and are chiefly used by pastry cooks.

Contests in Olympian Games.

The different contests consisted of leaping, the foot-race, wrestling, throwing the discus (like the modern "putting the shot"), boxing, the pancratium, the penthathlum, chariot-racing, horse-racing, and the contests of the heralds and trumpeters. Most of these were more or less varied. The foot-races were for different distances, and one of them, that of the hoplites, or heavy-armed soldiers, was run in full battle armor. In boxing, the fists of the contestants were wrapped in the terrible cestus, a glove of hide loaded with metal, and its blow was often fatal. The pancratium united wrestling and boxing, but without the use of the cestus. The penthathlum was a group of five contests: leaping, the foot-race, throwing the quoit or discus, throwing the spear, and wrestling. The prize-winner must excel in all. Chariot-racing was with two or four horses, or even with mules; and the running horse-races corresponded very closely with those of modern times. Boys of from fourteen to eighteen also had contests, in all respects like those of adults, except that the boys did not use the cestus. In some cases competitors still within the boyish limit were permitted to do battle with their elders; and these youngsters occasionally secured the crown, even in the severer contests of skill and strength.—St. Nicholas.

How Snap Punished the Cat.

I venture to send you the following story of an Irish terrier which belonged to my late father, a well-known Cambridge man. One day at lunch, while Snap's attention was for a moment diverted from his plate, our favorite cat managed to purloin some of his choicest chicken bones. On discovering what had happened, the dog at once "made for" puss; but my father said: "Snap, remember you are not to hurt pussy," and all was peace again. Later in the afternoon, however the sound of vehement cat language proceeding from the lawn called us to the window, and we beheld Snap holding puss fast with his paws in spite of her struggles, while he deliberately and evidently with the greatest satisfaction, licked her fur the wrong way.—Spectator.

BRITISH LABOR.

ACTIVELY EMPLOYED IN ALL LINES OF INDUSTRY.

Getting Better Month by Month—Much Larger Circulation of Wages Than in 1895—Our Democratic Tariff Good for All of England's Interests.

In the 108 British trade unions, with an aggregate membership of 415,731, making returns to the British Board of Trade, 14,717, or 3.5 per cent., were reported as unemployed at the end of March, compared with 3.8 per cent. in February, and with 6.5 per cent. in 83 unions, with a membership of 387,907, from which returns were received for March, 1895.

Iron Mining—Employment in this industry continues better than a year ago. At the mines included in the returns an average of 5.77 days per week was worked, as compared with 5.59 in March, 1895. The total number employed at the mines was 13,317, or about 500 more than a year ago. Of these 68.6 per cent. worked full time.

Pig Iron—Employment was better than in February, and considerably better than a year ago. At the end of March the ironmasters making returns had 338 furnaces in blast, being 3 more than at the end of February, and 40 more than at the corresponding date last year. The number of workpeople employed at these furnaces was 21,522, an increase of 78 over the previous month, and of 1559 over March, 1895.

Steel Works—Employment maintains its improvement as compared with a year ago, the number of workpeople employed in 107 works being 33,193 at the end of March, or 1.15 per cent. more than at the end of March, 1895.

Pudding Furnaces and Rolling Mills—At 85 establishments the number employed at the end of March was 16,767, or 4.3 per cent. more than a year ago.

Tin Plate Trade has been much disturbed and fewer mills are working than in February. The number of mills in operation in the 89 works included in the returns was 286 at the end of March, as compared with 339 at the end of February. Only 40 of the 89 works were given full employment.

Engineering and Kindred Trades—The percentage of unemployed union members has fallen from 3.4 in February to 2.9 at the end of March, compared with 7.8 per cent. in March, 1895.

Shipbuilding—The improvement in employment in this trade has also been well maintained, the percentage of unemployed union members at the close of the month being 7.2, compared with 7.8 in February and 12.4 in March of last year.

Building Trades—Employment continues good, the percentage of unemployed in unions making returns being 2.6, compared with 4.9 in March, 1895.

Furnishing Trades—Busy, the percentage of unemployed union members being only 1.0, compared with 2.6 in February and 4.9 per cent. in March, 1895.

Printing and Bookbinding—Employment continues steady, the percentage of unemployed members being 4.6, compared with 4.9 in February and also in March, 1895.

Leather Trades—Employment has slightly improved, and the percentage of unemployed union members is 5.9, compared with 6.2 in February.

Tailoring Trade—Employment in the ready-made branch is very good, some overtime being worked, and there is the usual seasonal improvement in the bespoke branch.

Cotton Spinners—Employment has improved. Weavers are better employed in some districts, but are slacker in others.

Woolen Trade—The woolen trade continues very busy.

Hosiery Trade—Employment generally is good.

And what is the condition of labor employed in similar industries in the United States?

"The Livery of Democratic Tariff Reform" Grover Cleveland.

As adopted by true Democracy from the J. Bull model of the Cobden Club, London.

When Trade Will Revive.

Domestic trade has been reduced in volume on the ground that Congress contains too many legislators who are inexperienced in commercial, financial and practical questions. If seventy-five per cent. of our legislators were practical men we never would have been precipitated into the misfortunes of the past few years; we all have suffered, directly and indirectly.

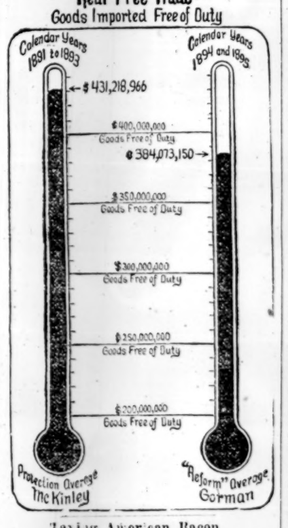
Our people are economizing, and so far as commerce is concerned, instead of buying a three months' stock they are buying goods from "hand to mouth," to use a commercial expression. With the return of the methods, ways and means and principles of the Republican party, I know that trade will everywhere revive and there will be a general restoration of confidence in our National affairs.—George J. Seabury, New York.

Bradford Scents Danger.

BRADFORD, England, May 8, 1896.

As time carries us forward to next November, there are certain influential parties on this side who would rejoice to see your States all at "loggerheads" in the matter of your Presidential election. Of all the names that are noted by Englishmen, Major McKinley is indeed as objectionable as one can imagine, and the very fact of him being a prominent candidate is, to Bradford especially, "gall and wormwood." Any side issue or second place item which can be thrown into the battle which may lead to his possible rejection is, to men here, the signal for pleasant subdued rejoicings; and McKinley, it is hoped, will be thrown. Listen to what the Manchester Guardian has to say:

"It can scarcely be doubted that there is a strong reaction in favor of high protection in the United States. That has been demonstrated by the short-lived success of the Democrats. It has been intensified by the repeated gold drain from the United States and the necessity of raising gold loans in order to maintain the parity of the American currency by replenishing the Treasury's gold reserve. Even Dr. Andrews, a Democrat and a free trader, has declared that the United States must repress imports by protective duties so long as the parity of the various forms of money must be endangered by any adverse balance of trade. Furthermore, the average of prices in the United States at the beginning of the present month was the lowest on record, and this fact alone has furnished protectionists with arguments. Protection, it is boldly contended, and rightly contended, will be useless to maintain prices without bimetallism; but, on the other hand, it is urged that protection will be be necessary to maintain bimetalism if the free coinage of silver be adopted by the United States alone. On this "platform" it is hoped that the protectionist manufacturer and the free trade farmer may be united; and at present the indications are that they will be united. Not the least significant of these indications is the remarkable growth of opinion in the State of Pennsylvania in favor of silver free coinage. YANKEE."



Taxing American Bacon.

At a recent meeting of the two Chambers of the Legislature of Sweden, for the purpose of voting together on various questions on which their respective majorities were not in accord, a majority of 196 to 167 decided in favor of raising the present duty on smoked bacon from 25 ore to 30 ore per kilogramme, and also from 10 to 20 ore per kilogramme that on bacon of other kinds. This increase has been made in the interests of the small peasant proprietors in the southern province of Sweden, but it has met with considerable opposition owing to the large amount of bacon consumed by the inhabitants of the more northern provinces and their preference for the quality of the bacon imported from the United States.

Reed on Wages.

The truth is that this very question of rising wages is what makes a good many men free traders. People with fixed incomes think that anything which raises wages is inimical to them. Manufacturers who have foreign market are naturally anxious to have wages on the foreign standard, and when a great cocoa manufacturer in Boston and a great agricultural tool maker in Philadelphia proclaim themselves on the side of free trade, we find in both cases a large foreign trade and along with it a desire for foreign wages for their workingmen.—Hon. Thomas B. Reed.

Labor's Vacation.

Dun's Review said that "woolen goods have not improved in demand," also that "wool machinery is not more than half employed," and further that "some cotton mills have ceased production." Times are so "good" that labor is taking a vacation and without pay.

No Money for Taxes.

"The existing tariff is chiefly a question of taxes and bounties."—New York World, October 21, 1892.

And now we have a tariff of debt and deficiencies, of hard times and free bread, with no money to pay the taxes or for bounties honestly earned.

Democratic Prosperity.

Manufacturing failures, during twenty-three days of April, amounted to $4,602,556 in liabilities against $3,614,736 last year and $3,687,220 in 1894.

Honoring a Greek Athlete.

Louys, the young Greek who, at the revived Olympic games, won the prize of Marathon, is the object of the greatest admiration among his countrymen, and has received innumerable valuable presents. One is a pretty piece of property in Amarrousse, his native village. The Athens-Lauriain Railway Company has bestowed on him a perpetual free ticket for the passage of himself and his bicycle over its line; a barber has vowed to shave him and a tailor to clothe him gratis as long as he lives.

A Novel Canvass.

Tyre York, of North Carolina, wants to be elected to Congress, and is canvassing his district, traveling from place to place, mounted on a bull.

TERRITORY OCCUPIED BY GREATER NEW YORK.

TORNADO'S AWFUL WORK.

A Fatal and Destructive Storm Sweeps Over Texas.

AN ENORMOUS LOSS OF LIFE.

A Path One Hundred and Fifty Feet Wide Made Through the Heart of Sherman ---No Buildings Left Standing---The City Hall Turned Into a Morgue---Great Destruction of Property.

DENISON, Texas, May 16.—The city of Sherman was visited by the worst tornado in the history of North Texas about 5 o'clock yesterday evening. The path of the destroyer was 150 yards wide. It struck the city at the west end of Post Oak Creek and swept in a westerly direction for several blocks, and then spread and spent its force. The track of the storm is a grewsome sight, the devastation being complete—houses, trees, fences—in fact, everything in its pathway destroyed. The loss of life will probably reach one hundred, with as many more bruised and wounded.

The City Hall and the storeroom formerly occupied by S. C. Holmes have been turned into temporary hospitals, and eighteen bruised, mangled and mutilated bodies are awaiting identification. Nearly every house in Fairview Addition has been turned into a hospital.

Following is the list of dead so far as known: R. L. Burns, wife and two children; Mrs. Otto Paulding and two children; James Nicholson, wife and two children; T. R. Montgomery, wife and two children; John Ames, wife and two children; the Rev. Mr. Shearer; eight members of the Pearce and Richardson families at the Wakefield farm; child of Mrs. Craighead, Mrs. James Davis, Mrs. John Fields, Lucinda Lake, colored; Charles Cox, colored; Eliza Cox, colored; Rosina Lake, colored; Sioan Ballinger, colored; Katie Ballinger, colored; William Nickerson's four children, colored; Wright Clark and three members of his family, colored; Mrs. Athens.

Eighteen unidentified dead are at the City Hall. The seriously injured are Professor and Mrs. Kohler, six children of J. B. Irwin and Edward True.

Gray's Hill and Fairview both were badly damaged, and the tornado passed directly west of the North Texas Female College, barely missing it.

B. B. Sayles, a delivery man, drove down Houston avenue directly after the storm. He said that he saw at least seven men, women and children lying along the avenue dead and many wounded. The devastation in spots where the storm was the worst is complete. Trees were stripped of their foliage in some places, while in others they were uprooted. Houses once the pride of the city are in some instances entirely gone, and in others only a pile of rubbish marks the place where they stood.

Captain Bly's fine dwelling was blown to pieces. His wife and two children were at home, but fortunately escaped without serious injury. Not a thing remains to mark the spot where only a few hours before stood the fine home of Captain Burgess. His family was absent from the house at the time.

Mayor Tone, of Denison, who was in Sherman during the storm, gives the following account of it: "I was on the courthouse square about 5 o'clock and heard a roaring wind coming from the south. The next thing I knew the air was thick with mud and small specks resembling ashes. The storm did not strike the courthouse or jail, but followed up Post Oak Creek. The roaring did not continue over two or three minutes. During all this time it rained hard. In about five minutes rumors began to spread that many lives had been lost, and the reports grew worse and worse as time passed. By 9 o'clock fifty dead bodies had been brought into the public buildings, and searching parties are out for more. The dead children have been found in trees, under levelled houses and on Post Oak Creek. An iron bridge over Post Oak Creek was twisted into scrap iron."

JUSTIN, Texas, May 16.—A cyclone struck the town of Justin, blowing twelve houses down, killing one man named W. J. Evans, of Keller, Texas, and badly injuring seventeen others. The cyclone also did much damage north of here.

FORT WORTH, Texas, May 16.—A special from Denton, Texas, says a cyclone struck the town of Gribbie Springs, eight miles north of Denton. Four persons were killed and five others so badly wounded they cannot live. The property damage is great.

NEWTON, Texas, May 16.—Six persons were injured, one of them fatally, by a cyclone which passed near Mound Ridge. A stretch of country about eight miles in length and a hundred yards in width was devastated. Samuel Bass was fatally injured and his house demolished.

HOUSTON, Texas, May 16.—Reports from different places throughout this State show that over a hundred persons have lost their lives in a frightful cyclone which swept the country for miles. The damage to property cannot be even reasonably estimated.

Enormous Profit in Bicycles.

A recent fire has disclosed the fact that bicycles are being sold at a tremendous profit. In adjusting the insurance loss of a large bicycling concern, whose salesrooms and stock had been destroyed, it came out that the wheels sold to the public at $100 each cost but $19 to manufacture!

Killed His Mother.

Frank Harding, a well know cigarmaker of Quincy, Ill., fatally shot his mother, aged sixty-five, and tried to kill himself. Harding, who is in jail, has a brother in an insane asylum.

The Labor World.

There are 12,000 union stone masons.

St. Louis servant girls are organizing.

Buffalo, N. Y., has 300 bicycle makers.

Chicago bricklayers want a six-hour day.

New Zealand has a compulsory arbitration law.

Virginia now enjoys a legal Saturday half-holiday.

Detroit brewers who wear non-union shoes are fined $5.

Buffalo, N. Y., has a Polish freight handlers' union.

Saginaw, Mich., has a Woman's Union Label League.

A woman is President of the Lansing Clerks' Union.

MONUMENT FOR DE LONG.

National Memorial for the Victims of the Jeannette Expedition.

Senator Chandler has introduced in the United States Senate a bill appropriating $100,000 for the erection of a National monument over the remains of Lieutenant De Long and his fellow heroes of the Jeannette expedition. A lot of ground had been purchased in Woodlawn Cemetery, New York, by the widowed Mrs. De Long in 1884, when the rescued remains of the dead were brought to this country. Here Lieutenant De Long himself and six of his companions were laid to rest, with solemn services, on February 23. The bodies had been disinterred from the spot in the Lena delta, where their discoverer, Chief Engineer George W. Melville, had interred them in March, 1882. This was a rude, but a splendid and appropriate sepulchre for Arctic heroes. On the summit of Monument Hill, a solid rock 300 feet high, he du ga grave. And above that grave he placed a gigantic wooden cross, inscribed with their names.

JEANNETTE HEROES' MONUMENT.

The monument in Woodlawn is to be a fac-simile of that built by Chief Engineer Melville. Where wood was used, however, the proposed tomb is to have bronze.

Those are the names of those buried in Woodlawn over whom it is proposed to erect the monument: Lieutenant-Commander G. W. De Long, W. Lee, A. Gertz, A. Dressler, N. Iverson, H. H. Kack and Ah Sam.

CHANGE IN PENSION BUREAU.

Commissioner Lochren to Get a Judgeship---Succeeded by His Deputy.

The President nominated Pension Commissioner Lochren to be United States Judge for the District of Minnesota, and Deputy Commissioner Murphy to be Chief of the Pension Bureau.

PENSION COMMISSIONER LOCHREN.
(Nominated for United States Judge in Minnesota.)

The Dupont Case Settled.

The claim of Colonel Henry A. Dupont for the vacant seat in the United States Senate from the State of Delaware was decided adversely to him by a majority of one. The question has been debated at great length from time to time. The Republican Senators, to a man, voted in favor of Dupont's claim, the Democrats voted just as unanimously against it, and the Populists allied themselves solidly on the Democratic side, making the vote on the amendment, which declared that Mr. Dupont was not entitled to the seat, 31 to 30. This closes the case.

The Oregon is a Racer.

After months of patient toil, after weeks spent in preparation, after trial trips on San Francisco Bay, and speed tests in the Santa Barbara Channel, California, the United States battleship Oregon repaid her builders by doing all they asked for her. She made an average speed of 16.78 knots, beating the world's record for vessels of this class. The Oregon, by her work, earns a premium of $175,000 for her builders.

For a Continental Congress.

The message of the President of Brazil on the opening of Congress favors the idea of a congress of American republics.

Fate of a Boating Party.

Near Skamokawa, Wash., three persons were drowned. A boating party, composed of Mrs. A. R. Crosby, Miss Retta Kennedy, Frank Peterson, Charles Newell and a Mr. Crafts, the latter from Portland, was returning from a trip to Gathlamet when the boat was struck by a squall and capsized. Miss Kennedy and Mr. Crafts were rescued.

Advised to Let Our Securities Alone.

The paper which is the financial authority in London advises English investors to leave American securities alone, owing to the prospects of heavy gold shipments from New York and the financial uncertainties attending the Presidential campaign.

THE BEST

SPRING MEDICINE

s SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. Don't forget to take it. Now is the time you need it most to wake up your Liver. A sluggish Liver brings on Malaria, Fever and Ague, Rheumatism, and many other ills which shatter the constitution and wreck health. Don't forget the word REGULATOR. It is SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR you want. The word REGULATOR distinguishes it from all other remedies. And, besides this, SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR is a Regulator of the Liver, keeps it properly at work, that your system may be kept in good condition.

FOR THE BLOOD take SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR. It is the best blood purifier and corrector. Try it and note the difference. Look for the RED Z on every package. You wont find it on any other medicine, and there is no other Liver remedy like SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR—the King of Liver Remedies. Be sure you get it.

J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect April 20, 1896.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and a 5:55 P. M. Northbound, daily, except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:35 P. M., and 8:05 A. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and Steamer lines, and at Elenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 P. M., for Newbern, connecting withthe A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington, N. C.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H. Saowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Manag'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Agt.

GEORGE W. BELL,

Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

Wood for Sale.

I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

FRED DAVS

DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,

Successor to John H. Ziegler,

Dealer in all Kinds of

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

BATHS AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street. All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

GROVES

TASTELESS

CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ABNEY, CARR & CO.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

VOLUME TWENTY-EIGHT.

With this week's issue THE NORTH CAROLINIAN enters upon its twenty-eighth year. As has been stated, it is the oldest paper in the State without change of editor or proprietor. It has aimed to fill the requirement of a first-class local newspaper, and from its first issue has been identified with the development and progress of Elizabeth City and the Albemarle section, ever keeping steadily in view and advocating what it has believed best calculated to promote the welfare and prosperity of the people.

The policy of the past will be continued in the future. Sincerely thankful for the liberal patronage of the public, and hoping that it will continue and increase, we enter upon another volume of the CAROLINIAN with a determination to try and make it a still better one than any of the twenty-seven preceeding it.

AN INSULT.

Time and the inexorable logic of events have brought the anti-McKinley conspiracy to a point where it can succeed only through deceit, debauchery and betrayal on the part of the people's instructed representatives. The insolent assumption of the Allied Bosses that the delegates pledged to Major McKinley can be tempted to desert him is the crowning infamy of the machine organization. It is an insult to every delegate to the Convention, and it will be rebuked in a manner never to be forgotten.

A FACT.

One of the early Secretaries of the Treasury, an able statesman and financier, once said: "The want of money is the want of exchangeable or valuable property or commodities and the want of credit. The man who says that he wants money could at all times obtain it if he had either credit or valuable commodities." It might be added that a person without credit or valuable commodities to exchange for money could not obtain it, no matter how much its volume might be increased or its value diminished.

Senator Gorman resentfully declares that he has done all the dirty work for the Cleveland crowd that he proposes to do. And, he might have added, all he has to show for his thankless task are a pair of soiled hands, a diminished self-respect and the cordial hatred of ungrateful politicians who profited by his labors.

Alaska's gold boom continues, and among the recent departures of miners are said to be a number of women in leather bloomers, armed with muskets. If the new woman turns her attention to gold production the gap between the yellow metal and silver is likely to grow smaller.

Secretary Hoke Smith's Atlanta newspaper speaks contemptuously of Senator Joe Blackburn as "a free silver blatherskite," thus illustrating the peculiar brand of harmony which our Southern Democrats are freely passing around the table this year.

It is probably true that the life of President Garfield would have been saved if the Roentgen rays had been known in 1881. No difficulty now is found in locating a bullet distinctly in the deepes recesses of the body.

The moral certainty of McKinley's nomination is enough to fill the Cobden Club of London with gloom and despair. It means that American legislation for the advancement of English interests must cease.

The vituperation and abuse of Judge Russrll by the Democratic press is evidence that they both hate and fear him. It will prove a boomerang, as it will consolidate the Republican and anti-Bourbon vote for him. "What fools these Bourbons be."

China has authorized the construction of a railroad 700 miles long. The old Empire has apparently concluded that the most comfortable way to live after all is to get into the swim and keep up with the times.

It is nearly time for the Bosses, one and all, to explain definitely, whether they propose to fish or cut bait. They must do one or the other or else get out of the boat.

Says the Winston "Republican:" "The Republican State Convention has spoken as to who shall be the next Governor of North Carolina, and hii name is Daniel L. Russell."

The delegates to the National Convention have all been elected and McKinley has an overwhelming majority.

We continue to be an inventive people. There were 21,996 patents issued in the United States last year

PROTECTION DEFINED.

National protection, which is now and always has been advocated by the Republican party, means legislative encouragement to the employment of American capital and labor at home in the development of all our natural sources of wealth and prosperity, instead of sending our capital abroad to aid in the production of foreign wealth and to pay for foreign labor. It means legislative security against the dependency of the Nation upon foreign countries for its means of defense, and of our people for their necessaries and comforts of life. It means legislative barriers against the exhaustion of the wealth of the country by sending it abroad in exchange for perishable articles, instead of using it at home in exchange for the like articles produced by American labor from the earth or in the factory. In the former case both money and the article it buys are lost to our country; in the latter, the money stays at home and goes on buying.

The Democratic party is the party of the poor.—N. Y. Herald, Nov. 10, 1992.

So "poor" in fact that the "Herald" had to collect and distribute free clothes in the following year.

Rev. Thomas H. Pritchard, D. D., the noted Baptist minister of this State, died at New York on Saturday, whither he had gone for treatment for Bright's disease.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 22, 1896.

Senator Quay's conference with Gov. McKinley bears out the statement repeatedly made by your correspondent that the rivalry for the Republican nomination, so far as the principals were concerned, was entirely friendly. Needless to say that Republicans generally are as much pleased to know that this conference is to take place as the Democrats are disappointed. There is every reason for the belief that Senator Quay will be authorized to speak for Senator Allison and Speaker Reed. In this connection it may be well to recall a remark made when Congress first met by one of Gov. McKinley's most enthusiastic supporters. He said: "I believe that if Gov. McKinley is nominated he will ask Senator Quay to take the chairmanship of the National Committee and manage his campaign." The same gentleman said this week that he thought Gov. McKinley had requested Senator Quay to come to Canton in order that he might ask him to manage his campaign.

Senator Sherman met Senator Gorman's amendment to the Fortification appropriation bill, providing for the issue of $100,000,000 in 3 per cent. certificates of indebtedness, which he characterized as unexampled in the history of the government, with a strong plea for the passage of the Dingley emergency tariff bill, which would furnish the money needed by the government without adding a cent to the public debt and without burden to any of our people. Senator Gorman was merely making a gallery play, to emphasize his charge that the appropriations made at this session of Congress have been extravagant. He knew that his amendment would not be adopted or he never would have offered it. No appropriation is too extravagant to receive his support, provided that the money is to be spent for the benefit of his constituents, but he is always ready to cut down elsewhere.

It turns out that Mr. Terrell, our Minister to Turkey, was not summoned to Washington to discuss the affairs of Turkey, but to answer serious charges against himself. He is charged with being low and gross in his habits and with habitually using profane and vulgar language in the presence of callers at the U. S. Legation at Constantinople, and as though that was not enough he is charged with being utterly incompetent, by reason of his lack of familiarity with the usages of polite society, to protect American interests in Turkey. These charges are made by the American missionaries of all denominations now in Turkey. Terrell has been asked to explain, and unless he can make it plain that he has been slandered his official head will fall.

Chairman Dingley, of the House Ways and Ways Committee, has made public a statement showing how that committee tried to increase the revenue of the government $40,000,000 by a temporary tariff bill and how its attempt was balked by lack of a Republican majority in the Senate. The statement closes with these words: The Committee on Ways and Means has investigated the workings of the reciprocity agreements made under the tariff act of 1890, and will present a report showing benefits of such reciprocity, and declaring (unanimously, as far as the Republicans are concerned) for a return to reciprocity and protection as soon as the people shall elect a Republican Senate and President to co-operate with the Republican House. This seems to be all that is practicable until the Republicans secure the President as well as the Senate."

McKinley.

In a recent discourse, Rev. W. G. Wilmshurst, of Utica, N. Y., said: Like Diogenes of old, I have been searching for a man who will compare favorably with the great men of other Christian lands. I think I see one who, when he reaches the age of Gladstone and Bismark, will, perhaps, be as much respected and loved by the people as they. I refer to William McKinley. He is great, not only as the author of the Tariff bill, but as a Christian man.

It is a fortunate day for a man when he first discovers the value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier. With this medicine, he knows he has found a remedy, and that his lifelong malady is at last conquered. Has cured others, will cure you.

LITERARY NOTICES.

Ex-President Harrison's articles have proved such an enormous success with "The Ladies' Home Journal," adding over 100,000 to the circulation of the magazine, that the series will be extended beyond the original limit. The ex-President has now reached the treatment of "The President's official family" in his series, describing the relations which each Cabinet member holds to the President. Then he will show "How the Senate Works" and "How Congress Legislates,"—each in a separate article.

That New York City consumes nine hundred and sixty million eggs in one year; nearly three hundred thousand pounds of butter every day; and as many gallons of milk; that it eats three hundred and five million pounds of beef in a year seems astounding. And yet these figures are, in reality, very moderate calculations which Mr John Gilmer Speed has reached upon exhaustive investigation, and embodied in an article on "Feeding a City Like New York," which he has written for "The Ladies' Home Journal."

Dr. Parkhurst's articles to young men in "The Ladies' Home Journal" have turned out to be, next to General Harrison's articles, the most profitable venture that magazine has undertaken. His coming papers will deal with a young man's social life; his business success; as a citizen; his religious life, and his marriage.

Speech of Congressman Skinner on Clerk Salaries.

Mr. Speaker, from the beginning of the present session, while opposing you in political sentiment, I have been in constant sympathy with your policy, when confronted with a threatening Treasury deficit, to so far as practical exercise economy, and have watched with approving interest how wisely and adroitly you have wielded the pruning knife over the River and Harbors Committee, the Public Buildings and Grounds Committee, the Naval Affairs Committee and the Appropriations Committee, and others. By this bold stand for economy the country knows you have lost in popularity, even it may be to the extent of losing for the present the highest office in the gift of the American people. The sober second thought of the people, when fully realizing the surrounding conditions, will say, "Well done, thou good and faithful tervant," and the sacrifice of present personal ambition upon the altar of present duty will surely reap its just and merited reward. [Loud applause.]

Mr. Speaker, I am also in full sympathy with my own clerk and the clerk of every other member of this House, and I wish I was able to give them $100 per month, but not out of an empty public Treasury. I fully realize the importunities by which members are besieged to promote the passage of this resolution and thereby give this relief to their clerk. At the same time we ought to be at least as brave as the Speaker and follow his example, and sacrifice this more or less personal legislation when confronted with a deficient Treasury, when he, by the exercise of such public frugality, has hazarded his claims upon the Presidency.

Mr. Speaker; when we come to investigate closely the purpose and objects, and I may add, inwardness of this resolution in a businesslike and practical manner, we will be convinced that the resolution should be entitled "To relieve all Congressmen from the discharge of any duties during vacation, in order they may the more effectively canvass their districts for re-election, or in order they may spend their summer at some favorite resort, or abroad without molestation from their constituents." There may be some reason for a clerk during the session, but of this I am doubtful; but certainly without legislative duties every Congressman is capable of discharging the duties appertaining to his office without clerical assistance; if he cannot, there are at least 1,000 men in his district as capable and as worthy who would obligate to do so for the monthly salary of a Congressman without clerical assistance. As authority for this resolution the other end of the Capitol is referred to. The House at the proper time should have brought grave Senators to realize that this was not the time to increase the salaries of their annual clerks, and it was a species of legislative cowardice in the House submitting to this robbery of the people.

As the spokesman of the Populists to this resolution I am not supposed to be the guardian or the director of the majority party of the House. If I were I would direct it to vote against this resolution. If I were its worst enemy I would persuade it to commit suicide by the passage of this resolution, which means a gratuity of about $215,000 during the vacation of Congress to our clerks in these hard times, panics, and low prices, when to let, to rent, for sale is seen everywhere, and the red flag of the auctioneer is upon almost every corner and is seen waving over every barnyard and house top. It is simply criminally extravagant to give away to our clerks this $215,000. I call members' attention to the fact that it is voting away, at present gold prices, 430,000 bushels of wheat, 861,600 bushels of corn, 51,350 bales of cotton—more wheat, corn and cotton, absolute necessities of human and animal life, than 10,000 honest farmers can raise by working and delving 365 days in a year. It is your funeral, not mine. It is my duty to warn against such extravagance. If I do not mistake the scattering rocks floating upon the political horizon, their course is in one direction to the accumulation of thickening clouds that will culminate in that terrific thunder storm that seems so necessary to clarify the political and economic atmosphere of this country and restore happiness and prosperity to the people.

The Democratic newspapere for the next few weeks will be filled up with what "prominent Republicans" say against Russell, and which is mostly made up by the fertile brain of these same Democratic pencil shavers. If the Democratic hopes are based upon the fact that Russell will not get the support of the entire Republican party, then they might as well give up the struggle now.—Raleigh Gazette.

THE RETIRED BURGLAR.

A Brief Account of a Lively and Interesting Incident In His Career.

"A house that I went into one night in a town not very far out of New York," said the retired burglar, "didn't begin to pan out as well as I expected it would, and I couldn't help feeling a little bit disappointed. I'd been all over the house, and hadn't got much more'n enough to pay my car fare. But when I came down stairs again I saw standing in a corner of the hall by the front door something that I hadn't noticed when I went up that pleased me very much, and that was a tricycle, a girl's tricycle, with two high wheels and a small wheel in front, with galvanized wire spokes, and a long handle to steer by, and a seat upholstered with red velvet, and all that sort of thing, you know. You've seen lots of 'em, no doubt.

"Well, now, my little girl had been asking me for some time for a tricycle, but business had been so everlasting bad that I really hadn't felt as though I could afford to buy her one, but here was one waiting for me to carry off, and it made me smile to look at it; a bright new one it was too. It was pretty near Christmas, and I thought I'd keep it and give it to her for a Christmas present.

"There wasn't any rubber tires on it, so I didn't dare roll it across the hall, but I picked it up and carried it to a door that opened into an entry that opened on to the cellar stairs, the way I'd come in. I got it to the first door all right, and into the entry way or hall without hitting anything, but getting it through the door leading to the cellar stairs, going first myself and backing down with it, the long handle flopped over in somehow and caught in the door when I was just a step down. I tried to free it, and it freed easier than I expected, and I lost my balance and lost my hold on the tricycle and fell down stairs.

"Noise? Well, now, I tell you, I was in a steamboat explosion once, and once in an explosion in a sawmill, but I never began to hear so much noise in my life as I did when me and that tricycle rolled down the cellar stairs. The tricycle fell over me and I fell over the tricycle, and somewhere on the way down I believe I must have fallen through the tricycle, for when we got down to the bottom, I was all scratched and cut and my clothes were tore and the tricycle was a wreck. I stood there for a minute looking at it, till I heard two men coming down the stairs to the hall above, and then I went away and left it lying there at the foot of the cellar stairs.

"So, you see, my little girl didn't get her tricycle that Christmas after all."—New York Sun.

A Confused Bridegroom.

A young man about to be married by an Episcopal clergyman and being quite innocent of any knowledge of the form of solemnization for matrimony in the book of common prayer concluded that he had better look it up and study the answers to the questions the clergyman was to ask him. He became quite interested in and somewhat perplexed with the several orders therein formulated for as many religious services, so much so that when he stood up before the clergyman with his bride to be married in the confusion in which he found himself he could recall but the merest snatches of answers he had seen in the prayer book. When the clergyman asked, "Wilt thou have this woman to be thy wedded wife, to live together after God's ordinance?" etc., the groom courageously replied, "I renounce them all, and, by God's help"—pausing as if he expected the minister to help him finish the answer. But, disconcerted by the groom's response, the clergyman unfortunately increased the embarrassment of the occasion by muttering to himself a little too distinctly:

"I believe that this bridegroom is non compos mentis," to which snap judgment of his mentality the bridegroom blandly responded:

"All this I most steadfastly believe."

The ceremony was suspended. Explanations were quietly made between them. The bridegroom was told what he was to say. The service was then resumed, and the couple were married in due form.—New York World.

CURE FOR HEAD ACHE.

As a remedy for all forms of Head ache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual costiveness Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Pulmonary consumption, in its early stages, may be checked by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It stops the distressing cough, and induces much-needed repose. Hundreds have testified to the remarkable virtues of this preparation.

Russell overcome more obstacles than any other man in North Carolina ever had to contend against, and yet he "got there." Look out for him in November, and take our word for it that he will "get there" on election day.—Ex.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S

THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

Superior To All Sarsaparillas.

Down in Georgia, over fifty years ago, a marvelous medicine was discovered. It was what is now known as P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), and its fame and reputation has been growing with the years.

For Rheumatism, Blood Poisoning, Pain in the side, wrists, shoulders, back and joints, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Scrofula, and all Blood and Skin Diseases, it has never been equalled.

Pain is subjugated, Health Renewed, Appetite restored and sleepless nights banished by its wonderful influence.

P. P. P. is a wonderful tonic and strengthener. Weak women should always take P. P. P. It builds them up. It has the universal commendation of medical men throughout the country, because we publish the formula on every bottle, and one trial will convince the most skeptical that it is a genuine health restorer.

Read The Truth And Be Convinced.

A Wonderful Cure.

I was a martyr to muscular rheumatism for thirty years; tried all medicines and doctors with no permanent relief. I was advised to take P. P. P., and before I had finished two bottles my pain subsided so I was able to work. I feel better than I have for years, and am confident of a complete recovery.

J. S. DUPRISS, Newnanville, Fla.

Testimony from the Mayor.

I suffered with Rheumatism for fifteen years, tried all the so-called specifics, but to no purpose. My grandson got me a bottle of P. P. P., and I feel like a new man.

W. H. WILDER, Mayor of Albany.

From Two Well-known Physicians.

We are having a big sale for your P. P. P., and we prescribe it in a greatmany cases, and find it an excellent thing. We handle about one dozen bottles a week.

Drs. J. M. & M. T. RICHARDSON, Piedmont, S. C.

Hot Springs Surpassed.

A bottle of P. P. P. has done me more good than three months' treatment at the Hot Springs, Ark.

JAMES M. NEWTON, Aberdeen, Brown Co., O.

Pimples, Sores and Eruptions Cured.

I take great pleasure in testifying to the efficient qualities of the popular medicine for skin diseases known as P. P. P. I suffered for several years with an unsightly and disagreeable eruption on my face. After taking three bottles in accordance with directions, I am entirely cured.

Capt. J. D. JOHNSTON, Savannah, Ga. of Johnston & Co.

The above letters are taken from many received by us. P. P. P., (*Lippman's Great Remedy,*) is a medicine whose virtues are known from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. P. P. begins its work by purifying the blood, which is the source of all life, and does not cease until a perfect and entire cure is effected.

The mortifying eruptions that disfigure the complexion, the tired feeling that prevents thorough accomplishments of the daily tasks, sleepless nights, loss of appetite, irritability of disposition, all mean a derangement of the system consequent from impure blood, which can and will be cured by P. P. P.

P. P. P. (*Lippman's Great Remedy*), is conceded by physicians and the people to be the Greatest Blood Purifier of the Age. It positively and permanently cures. For sale by all druggists or direct from us; price $1 a bottle, six bottles for $5.

LIPPMAN BROS., SOLE PROPRIETORS, Lippman Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOUR SELF WHILE USING IT

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, imparing health, mental happiness. To quit suddenly is forreign a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system, continually craves. "Baco-Cure" is a scientific compound after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Cure." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco-Cure" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cure without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

CURED BY BACO-CURO AND GAINED THIRTY POUNDS

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on hand open to inspection, the following are presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark. Jan. 28, 1895.

Baco Chemical & Mfg., Co., La Cross, Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from general debility and dyspepsia. For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "Sure Cure," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Bromide Chloride of Gold," etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Cure" and it has relieved me of the habit in all its forms and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am free from all the numerous aches and pains of a confirmed user. I could write a quire of paper about my unsolicited feelings and gratification.

Yours respectfully, P. H. MASSEY, Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1 per box, three boxes (full treatment) $2.50 and iron-clad guarantee to cure or refund money. Sent direct upon receipt of price. Booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co. La Cross, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

N. G. Grandy & Co.

—BROKERS—

Agents for Woldrige's High Class

FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City, N. C.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER-

2nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.

Patching and mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

Protect Your Wife

and Children from poverty in case of your death by insuring your Life in the STATE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, of Worcester Mass., one of the Oldest, Strongest and Most Reliable Nonforfeitable Dividend Paying Insurance Companies in the United States.

T. T. WHITCOMB, Local Agent.

Also agent for the N. E. Mutual Accident Assurance Co., Boston, Mass. Elizabeth City, N. C.

Do you want to be in it?

The bicycle business is growing enormously—why not try it? You can buy one wheel, or as many as you like, and sell your friends

BICYCLES AT COST.

An order sent now entitles you to a big discount. Apply quick for the agency for your place. Our wheels are the highest grade, most reliable bicycles made to-day.

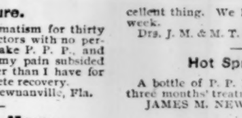
Particulars and handsomely illustrated printed matter by mail.

CARLIN & FULTON, Baltimore, Md.

S. L. STOBER & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of

Fresh Fish,



Lobster, Turtle, &c.,

No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,

New York.

If your Stencil is not in good order let us know. We employ no agents and pay no commissions.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,

Richmond Va,

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited and proceeds remitted in cash. On account of intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,

Etc., Etc:

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK,

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Stencils furnished at a moment's notice

References—Guirkin & Co., Bankers both City, N. C, and other Financial ones when desired

L. W. Wright. John Dais

L. W. Wright & Co.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers in all

—Kinds Of—

Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Etc.,

105 Fulton Market, N. Y.

SOUTHERN SHAD A SPECIALTY.

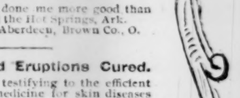
Consignments Solicited,

Prompt Returns.

Caleb Haley & Co.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of—

FRESH FISH,



14 FULTON FISH MARKET,

New York.

Write for Stencils and Stationary

MEMPHIS, TENN, Oct. 3, 1895.

Acme Cycle Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS:—Yours of the 1st inst to hand; also the Acme Bell for my daughter, and to say that she is delighted with it would be putting it too mild. I had the wheel sent out to —— Seminary, and at the close of school, it created mere excitement among the girls than the proverbial "Mary's Little Lamb." Again thanking you for the nice wheel, I am, yours truly, R. W. Harris, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr. Delta Cotton Co.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 12, 1895.

Acme Cycle Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS:—The Acme Light Roadster came to hand O. K. on the 10th inst., and I must frankly say it meets my fullest expectations, and I am very much pleased with it. I consider it a strictly high grade up-to-date wheel in every detail of design, material, construction and finish, and is fully equal, if not superior to many of the best $100.00 wheels sold on the market here. I believe the Acme frame is the strongest and the most rigid and the most graceful and lightest frame built. It is a beauty among beauties and cannot fail to satisfy. Yours truly, Charles T. Keetch, Exc. Sect. Ohio Association Union Ex-Prisoners of the War

Peanut Planters!

Only Successful Ones Made

Nearly 2000 In Use.

PRICES REDUCED

To Suit the Times.

Where inconvenient to order through Local Agent, send direct to Patentee and Manufacturer,

J. R. AYERS, Petersburg, Va

Write for Circulars &c.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.

OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Hathaway Bros.

The Reliable Jewelers,

have the best quality and best known Bicycle on earth.

"The Victor"

Leads The Day, Standing Up

UNDER ALL CIRCUMSTANCES.

North Carolina

Iron Works

—AND—

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Gauges, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles C. Pool; Commissioners—Paleman John, Thomas A; Commander, Alson B. Seeley B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles A. Banks; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioners, Allen Kramer and Fred. H. Zeigler.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. L. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist, J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Brickell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector; Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Colored—Methodist, H. B. Pettigrew, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, J. A. Banks, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S. P. Smith, pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic Eureka Lodge No. 217, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brother, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. B. Bradford, Sec'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows, Achsreer Lodge No. 14; F. L. Garrett, N. G.; C. W. Belanga, V. G.; J. D. Sykes, Rec. Secty; W. F. Murden, Financial Sec'y; W. W. Morrisett, Treasurer; E. F. Sawyer, S. P. G. Pasquotank Encampment No. 8; E. F. Sawyer, C. P.; W. W. Morrisett, H. P.; Monroe Bright, S. W.; C. W. Belanga, J. W.; F. L. Garrett, Scribe; J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; N. B. Parker, Regent; N. Underwood, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; C. M. Burgess, Sachem; C. W. Belanga, Sr. Sagamore; J. P. Simpson, Jr. Sagamore; J. D. Hathaway, Prophet; C. C. Barnard, Chief of R. of S. H. Murrell, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, chairman; Fred Whitehurst, Frank Weeks, Joseph E. Harrell and Frank Godfrey.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.
Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.
Select School, I. N. Hillett, Principal.
State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Hotels

New Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

SEEDS 12 pkt's Flower 10c. 12 pkt's Vegetable 30c. 6 Dahlias 50c. 10 Gladiolus 30c. All $1. Half 50c. Price List FREE. BEST—CHEAPEST H. F. BURT, Taunton, Mass.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, May 27, 1896.

☞The wheat is looking well.

☞No complaint of want of rain now.

☞The crops were never known to grow more rapidly.

☞Mr. Benj. Edney, of Rosedale, departed this life on the 13th inst.

☞Some of our Truckers are about ready to begin shipping potatoes.

☞The Dockery men, the Boyd men and the Moody men are all Russell men now.

☞We call attenton to Congressman Skinner's speech, in another column on the Clerk Salary resolution.

☞To "W.:" The editor of the CAROLINIAN always fights in the open, and never strikes below the belt.

☞The notice and obituary of Mr. John K. Jones, of Old Trap, whose death occurred on April 25th, did not reach office until the 21st inst, too late.

☞Every true Republican who was anti-Russell before the Convention is a Russell man now. All are rallying to the support of the regular nominee.

☞The body of Joseph Jennett, Assistant Keeper of Gull Shoal Light House, who was drowned in Pamlico Sound last February, was found floating near New Inlet on Saturday last.

☞The editor of the CAROLINIAN always tries to be and to do RIGHT, as he understands it. He is a man of peace, but when politicians start a fight on him they always find that he is able to take care of himself.

☞A representative of the National Fish Commission spent a short time here last week and released 450,000 young shad fry, just hatched, in Pasquotank River. He says that in about four years they will put in an appearance.

☞To "T.:" the CAROLINIAN will simply say that as to the few misguided Republicans who are still beyond the hospitable Russell-McKinley fold: Let them alone and they'll come home, just as Little Bopeep's pet Southdown did when the dews began to fall.

☞The cyclone season seems to have set in with unusual vigor. The scientist who will harness this particular phenonenon to his chariot and drive it off into everlasting oblivion will deserve more honor from mankind than the inventor of the telephone, the bicycle and the flying machine all put together.

☞There is nothing particularly novel in the spectacle of the aveage citizen working harder at other people's business than his own, but, common as it is, it is still preposterous enough to make the sensible man wonder how many more centuries are required for the world to learn its alphabet.

☞During a severe electrical storm on Saturday afternoon the mast of the steamer Mary E. Roberts, lying on Willey's Ways, was struck by lightning, which ran down the wire rigging and severely shocked Charles Armstrong and Wm. Everett who were at work at the bottom of the boat.

☞The Closing Exercises of the Colored Normal and Industrial School will take place at the Court House on next Monday and Tuesday nights. An elaborate and interesting program is arranged for each night. The Annual Address will be delivered on Tuesday night by Rev. T. W. Babb, of Hertford.

☞To "Voter" the CAROLINIAN has this to say: The Republicans are getting together in spite of all attempts to demoralize and scatter them. In a year like this unity means harmony, harmony means victory and victory means prosperity. The man who stands out against the manifest destiny of the party is nothing more than a protest against progress, and he is bound to get hurt when the procession moves.

☞On Saturday Mr. John Speight, of Cisco, mail carrier from Woodley to Edenton, was arrested on the charge of having opened and taking $10 from a letter given him to register at Edenton in December last, and was brought before U. S. Commissioner M. B. Culpepper for a hearing. It appearing that the letter was not stamped, it was held that it was not a case for the Federal Court, and he was released.

☞The fifth Annual Commencement Exercises of the State Colored Normal School began at the Court House on Monday night and will loose on Thursday (to-morrow) night, at which time the Annual Address will be delivered by Solicitor Geo. H. White, of Newberne. Seats will be reserved for the white people, and they are specially invited to attend We urge them to do so in order to get an idea of the werk this most excellent Institution is doing.

☞Work and wages is the workingman's issue in this campaign.

☞Old Pictures Copied and Enlarged at Zoeller's, Water street.

☞To whiten the teeth take a leaf of garden sage and rub them well.

☞See Fowler & Co.'s Counterpanes and Blankets before buying.

☞It is said that silverware will not tarnish as quickly if wrapped in blue tissue paper Wash silver in soapsuds and wipe, without rinsing, with soft linen.

☞At cost and less than cost, balance stock of Hardware, Paints, Crockery &c., to make room for other goods at the Fair.

☞The pessimist is a freak. Pessimism is the child of a day or of a mood; optimism in the great undercurrent of human life. Pessimism is abnormal. It is disease of the mind.

☞To keep up with the newest 1896 styles it is necessary to trade at Moses Weisel's.

☞A little boy who was reading a newspaper paused in his labors and asked: "Pa, does 'Hon,' in front of a man's name stand for honest?" As pa was once a member of the Legislature, he said it did.

☞We have taken the agency for fine Clothing made to order by Wanamaker & Brown, Philadelphia. A fit guaranteed. The styles are correct and prices reasonable.

☞A $1 kid glove for 75c, and a $1.25 kid gloye for $1 at Moses Weisel's

☞Words are the sharpest stilettos wielded by the hand of a friend. There is no sledge hammer on earth so powerful as language; no lillies so white; no thorns so sharp; no poison so deadly.

☞Young ladies can plume themselves on the styles of Weisel's Millinery.

☞See the new style in Trimmings, and the handsome line of Buttons at Moses Weisel's.

☞The bicycle face and the bicycle curvature of the spine having ceased to alarm, the new indictment against the wheel is that it makes its feminine riders pigeon-toed. The truth probably is that the bicycle, indulged in moderation, is more likely to cure pedal peculiarities than to cause them.

☞"Best they ever had taken," is what they say of Zoeller's Pictures.

☞Zoeller Life Size Crayon in Frame for $2.90 is his special offer during May.

☞The great achievements of science have opened to all of us limitless possibilities. There seems to be no end to what is before us in all that exalts and embellishes civilized life. Science, in many ways, is going from victory to victory, and in many ways the world is better because of these conquests.

☞When you want Photographing done go to Zoeller's, on Water street. He makes the best only.

☞Is your wall faded or discolored? If it is, go to THE FAIR and get some of the Wall Paper they are selling so cheap.

☞General Superintendent Kimball, of the Life Saving Service, has issued a circular, prohibiting members of a life-saving crew during the active season from ferrying, boating, oystering, crabbing, fishing, shooting game, gathering moss or engaging in similar employment for pay or market, in competition with other persons engaged in such business.

☞The price of corn at Norfolk 35 cents; in this market 32. Cotton, at Norfolk, good middling 7 7-8; middling, 7 1-16; good ordinary, 65-5. In this market, in the seed 2 3-4 cents

☞A thoroughly up-to-date line of Dress Goods at Moses Weisel's—everything that Fashion or good taste can call for.

☞CARPETS—Ingrain Carpets from 10c per yard up, and 1 pc heavy Rag Carpet 16c; bargains in small pieces and Remnants of Brussels and Ingrain Carpets at Fowler & Co.'s

☞The CAROLINIAN is asked: "In speaking of a ratio of 16 to 1 does it mean that one ounce of gold is equal to sixteen ounces of silver, or is there an artificial value created in either metal?" It means that the silver dollar shall contain sixteen times as many grains of silver as a gold dollar does of gold. That ratio was established when silver was a much more valuable metal than it is at present.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 4:47 and will set to-night at 7:07.—The Pasquotank Lumber Company, late Jones & Co., have started their Mill,—Miss Alice Fearing, of Washington, D. C., and Miss Mattie Grandy, of Norfolk, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. H. M. Fearing, on Lawrence street.—"I'll be awful glad when I am old enough to do as I please," said Willie. "Oh, certainly," said his father, "And about as soon as you get to that age, you'll get married."—We cannot escape history.—Mr. J. F. Sanders has placed a fanning machine in his shop.—The painting of Mr. C. H. Robinson's residence is being done by Mr. W. B. West. It is a neat job.—"Your husband is generous to a fault," remarked a citizen to a neighbor's wife. "Yes; but the trouble is that I am not a fault," was her reply.—Remember that our terms for Job Printing is cash on delivery.—The boy who was kept after school for bad orthography explained that he was spell-bound.—To would-be candidates the Versifier has a word to say:

A little ink, a pen, I think,
A sheet of paper white,
Will down a man as naught else can,
So, if you're wise, don't write.

—Capt. A. S. Conklin, Superintendent of the floating stock of the N. & S. R. R., spent last week here overseeing the overhauling of the steamer Mary E. Roberts at Willey's Ways.—Don't buy a pig in a poke.—Miss Kate Engle is off on a visit to friends in Philadelphia.—We acknowledge pleasant calls the other day from Messrs. E. R. Daniels, of Wanchese, and S. W. Woodley, of Crosswell.—One of the old landmarks, Col. A. L. Jones' livery stables, has been taken down.—Speaking of the meaning of flowers: Mint is symbolic of virtue, the peach blossom indicates submission and the bell flower gratitude.—The new steam marine railway of Scott & Jewell on Dry Point, is about completed.—The lectures and stereoptican views exhibited by Mr. J. C. Clum, of California, at the Court House on Thursday and Friday nights, were really fine but the audiences were small.—Saith the Rhymster:

Although the Summer poet's verse
Might not be any sweeter,
He'd come a little nearer truth,
To write in thermo meter.

—The Naval Reserves are drilling for a cruise in July to the coast of Florida.—Fine spots and croakers in market now.—Pay your State, County and Corporation taxes.—"This is the worst attack I've ever had," said a patient. "Never mind, it will be your last:" said the Doctor. Whether it was a comfort to the sick woman or not, isn't reported.—If you don't want it to be known don't do it.—More and better work has been done on the streets during the past twelve months than for a number of years. Commissioner Berry has proved to be the right man in the right place.—Mr. J. S. Wilcox, who also attended the State Convention, and rendered efficient service, remained over to witness the closing scenes and did not reach home until the following Monday.—Adviseth the Poet:

Always put gourself to the test,
You don't know what you can do;
Try and try, till you do your best,
Your success depends on you.

—The bright blue of heaven is larger than the clouds.—Strawberries are plentiful and cheap.—Doctors who agree, lovers who never quarrel and one who loves his enemy as himself are among the exceptions.—The Crystal Ice Factory has started up again.—The handsome new residence of Mr. W. D. Lathrop, on south west corner of Pleasant street, is nearly ready for occupancy.—Prof. Hinton's school closed a very successful session on Thursday. He gave his pupils a royal picnic on Friday,—Good appearances may be pleasant, but solid realities are safer and more comfortable.—Confesseth the Wooer:

She put her little hand in mine,
And put it there to stay;
So very small it was, that I
Was cuchered right away.

—"I know what *the nights of labor are*," said a West End mother of several boys, as she sat down to mend a pile of trousers and jackets.—The remodeling of the residence of Mr. E. S. Willey, on Perse street, has greatly improved its appearance.—We are glad to learn that the surgical operation undergone by Miss Fanny Dawson, at Baltimore, has proved entirely successful.—The work on the Cotton Factory is progressing rather slowly.—The Rambler reports more new buildings in course of erection in different parts of the City.—The moving back and remodeling of several buildings on upper Fear ing street, is a great improvement. Mr. Joseph Pritchard is doing the work.—Mr. G. D. Pool, the progressive Trucker, has laid a sample of "Winter Beans," a new variety, on our table. They were planted on the 25th of February and are fully developed. They are said to be quite prolific and very fine for table use.—Mr. L. L. Brinkley, the popular Postmaster at Edenton, gave us a social call on Saturday. He was here as a witness in the case before U. S. Commissioner Culpepper, reported in another column.—One of Hackman Copper's horses dropped dead the other day.—The Revenue Cutter "Alert." Lieut. Cantwell, has returned from an inspection trip along the coast.—As the new Organ was being put up at the Baptist Church, there were no services there on Sunday.—Dr. F. H. Johnston, of the Presbyterian Church, delivered an able and pertinently timely sermon Sunday on recognition and respect due to those in official authority.—Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell delivered the Baccalaurete Sermon to the pupils of the Female Seminary at Oxford Sunday.—Mr. J. H. Burgess, now of Norfolk, spent the Sabbath with his parents here.—Cherries in market.—Ex-Sheriff F. F. Cohoon is on the sick list.—Rev. Dr. Solomon Pool was in the City on Monday.—Rev. W. Y. Everton, of Dare, dropped in yesterday and paid his respects.—Presiding Elder R. B. John and Rev. J. H. Hall left yesterday to attend the Methodist District Conference in session at Roper.—M Jerry Waters is having a new Bicycle track made on the Park Fair grounds.—The dredging of Tiber Creek was finished yesterday. Now the additional pile driving and side logging will proceed and the bridges be rebuilt. The Contractors have had a serious time of it with roots and stumps, but they took the risk.

☞We have arranged with one of the largest Publishing Houses in the country by which we can furnish a copy of Webster's Unabridged Dictionary, revised and enlarged, latest edition, and a copy of the CAROLINIAN for $3, postage prepaid.

Be sure to get Simmons Liver Regulator for your Spring Medicine. It is the old reliable that did the old folks so much good. Don't let any one persuade you to take anything else instead. You can always Simmons tell Simmons Liver Regulator by the red Z on the package. Don't forget the word Regulator—Simmons Liver Regulator—better than anything else, and sure to do you good.

——Why suffer with Coughs, Colds, and LaGrippe when LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE will cure you in one day. Does not produce the ringing in the head like Sulphate of Quinine. Put up in tablets convenient for taking. Guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Price 25 cents. For sale by W. W. Griggs & Son, and all other druggists, Elizabeth City.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufucture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C.

LEFT

—ARE THE—

PEOPLE

who don't take advantage at once of our special sale of

Spring and Summer CLOTHING.

McGabe & Grice,

Leading Merchants and Hustlers,

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C

WE H VE **FOUND SOMETHING VERY GOOD**

An old time saying tells us that goods rightly bought are half sold. That is why we tell you now of how we bought the items below at undervalue prices. Thus you may know that having bougut at the lowest price we can sell likewise.

1896 STYLES

in Kiakasilks, worth 40c, our price 24c per yard. 1896 styles in linen effects from 10c per yard up. Up-to-date styles in Pussah Silk at 10c the yard. Kid Gloves, all sizes, in black and colors, 79c the pair, worth $1. Kid Gloves, all sizes, in black and colors, at $1, guaranteed, worth $1.25. 20th Century (up-to-date) 1896 Shoes for Ladies and Misses.

CLOTHING

for Men and Boys and Children in the newest and up-to-date paterns, cuts, &c., &c., at prices to suit everyone.

MILLINERY

Department is complete in every detail of 1896 styles known to the best informed.

Moses Weisel.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.
WATER STREET.

Great Bargains in CLOTHING.

I want to announce to the readers of the "Carolinian" that I am the

LEADER OF LOW PRICES

in Clothing in Elizabeth City. I am prepared to offer great bargains to any and all who need a pair of Pants, a Vest, a Coat or anything in the Clothing line. Call and examine goods.

F. PRUSCHANSKIN,

Water St., Elizabeth City, N. C

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

G. A. Mebane left last week for Baltimore.

Mrs. Comfort Owens left Monday for Philadelphia.

Quite a number of visitors are in our city attending the commencement.

Saturday is Memorial Day. Let us not forget the flowers.

James Brown is having a building erected on his lot on Road street.

Mrs. Jane Harris, of Berkley, is spending a few days in rur midst

H. A. Lewis, of Jamesville, returned home Saturday after a short stay in our city.

J. T. Lamb has fitted up a very inviting ice cream and cold drink parlor on Road street.

Rev. H. B. Pettigrew returned on Monday from attending General Conference at Mobile, Ala.

Those who attended the Association last week report a pleasant time. The next session will be held in Roper City.

The Normal and Industrial School will close next week. Dr. Babb, of Hertford, will make the address.

There was a marriage among us last week, but we failed to secure the names of the contracting parties.

The "bad boy" is in evidence again. Now that the schools are about closed employment of some kind should be providsd.

The State Normal's closing exercises so far have been entertaining, interesting and well attended.

Misses Blanche Armstrong, Donna Butler and Mamie Stallings, of Gatesville, are visiting in this city.

Rev. Dr. George W. Lee passed through Friday on his way back to Washington from attending the Association.

The address by Rev. W. W. Ryan on Friday night last was pointed, logical and instructive and highly appreciated by the large audience in attendance.

THE DISCOVERY SAVED HIS LIFE.

Mr. G. Cailloute, Druggist, Beavers vile, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We wont keep store or house without it." Get a fresh trial at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

Kamer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

KILN & AIR DRIED

LUMBER

—AND—

Building Material

Truck Boxes

—AND—

CRATES

Now is the time to place your orde or the latter for the Spring Shipping

Ripans Tabules.
Ripans Tabules cure nausea.
Ripans Tabules: at druggists.
Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure headache.
Ripans Tabules cure flatulence.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules assist digestion.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.
Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE, Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Special to the "Carolinian."

It is a noted fact that our Wide-Awake Wholesale and Retail Grocery Man, W. J. Woodley, has now at the N. & S. R. R. Co.'s Depot Five (5) carloads of goods, bought at the very lowest prices for cash, and they have just arrived, and for the next 10 or 15 days Woodley says he is going to put out some of the cheapest goods that has ever been offered in Elizabeth City. Low in price and high in quality; such as Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Meat of all kind, Lard—both Pure and Compounded Cottolene—Butter, Cheese, Syrup and Molasses, Soaps of all Grades, Starch, Star Lye, Pearline, Gold Dust, Condensed Milk, Rex Baking Powder, Matches, Oils of all kinds,

Woodley's Wholesale Department is complete and well arranged for business. He is paying special attention to the Jobbing business during the busy season. Country Merchants will save money if they will read this article and stop until they see for themselves that they can buy nearly everything in the Grocery line a little lower of Woodley than at any other place in Eastern North Carolina. He has also arranged to handle Fish Salt, Fish Barrels and N. C. Cut Herrings largely this season; write for prices.

Address W. J. WOODLEY,
No. 138 and 140 Water St.
Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co.'s

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co.'s

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in lothing. Some heavy weight or Winter lothing will be sold for about half their value.

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new good and new prices. Give them a call.

SALOMONSKY

IS

Is Selling Out

his stock of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Cottons, etc. regardless of Cost.

DIVERS.

There are various kinds of Divers, but, generally speaking, the tendency of them all is downwards. That is the case with our prices. They are down, way down, while we have goods to suit thick pocket-books and thin pocketbooks, quality considered.

Our Prices are At the Bottom.

Our methods of buying and our methods on selling, both enable us to quote you prices which cannot be duplicated. ew Spring goods coming in; Dress Goods in all the latest styles; lothing in great variety; Hats and aps of the best make and style; you can save money by examining our stock. We buy for cash and sell for cash; no long time prices.

THE FAIR,

WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS.

No. 164—Surrey Harness, Price $14.50. As good as sells for $20.

but have sold direct to the consumer for 23 years, at wholesale prices, saving them the dealers' profits. Ship anywhere for examination before sale. Everything warranted. 100 styles of Carriages. 50 styles of Harness. 41 styles Riding Saddles. Top Buggies as low as $55. Phaetons as low as $55. Spring Wagons $31 to $60. Send for large catalogue.

No. 725—Price, with lamps, sunshade, apron and fenders, $69.00. As good as sells for $90.

ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO., W. B. Pratt, Sec'y, ELKHART, IN.

Eden's Flowers and Thorns.

In this beautiful season of flowering green, when the air is balmy and the sunlight golden, it seems a pity that anything should enter into this Eden of ours to mar its pleasures and blight its joy, but so it is ordained; man has his heritage, and it is even doubtful—if all of life were a scene of pleasure—whether we could possibly enjoy it. The birds come and sing, and the birds sing and go. Rheumatism comes also. It comes from exposure to the dampness of the nights and mornings, to the sudden change of temperature, and it certainly goes, as thousands know, by the prompt use of St. Jacobs Oil, which is a complete and perfect cure. It is well, therefore, while we enjoy all those sensible delights, not to be without this great remedy for pain, and to have it ready, more because we are the more liable at this season than any other to suffer from such attacks.

The Philadelphia mint has begun to coin $2,000,000 in double eagles.

For 21 years Dobbins' Electric Soap has been *imitated* by unscrupulous soap makers. *Why?* Because it is the *best of all* and has an immense sale. Be sure and get *Dobbins'* and take no other. Your grocer has it, or will get it.

Leprosy has broken out in the Russian Baltic provinces.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in 10 to 60 Minutes.

One short puff of the breath through the Blower, supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this Powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly and permanently cures Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Headache, Sore Throat, Tonsilitis and Deafness. If your druggist hasn't it in stock, ask him to procure it for you.

Mark Twain consumes over three thousand cigars a year.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, fierce and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I should not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 20 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine." MRS. ANNA PETERSON, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.

Strongest Rope.

Given an equal number of strands to make up the rope, and each of the same circumference, it may be readily shown that wire, twisted into rope form, will make a rope so strong as to admit of no comparison even with the best white hemp rope. Twisted hempen cords will sustain 8746 pounds, if the rope be one inch thick; but one-eighth of an inch in diameter of iron will sustain more than one inch in circumference of hemp rope. No rope, whatever its material, could bear comparison with an inch rope made of piano steel wire, such a rope being able to bear not less than 268,000 pounds, or nearly 120 tons, before it could be torn by a dead weight.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Odd Feature in Russia's Army.

Russia is to have an electrical branch of her army, under a Lieutenant-General, two Major-Generals and five officers of lower grade, who will also have a military electrical school under their charge. Russian military officers have always been adept in the use of electricity.

THE TURN OF LIFE.

THE MOST CRITICAL PERIOD IN THE LIFE OF A WOMAN.

Experience of Mrs. Kelly, of Patchogue, Long Island.

There is no period in woman's earthly career which she approaches with so much anxiety as the "change of life." Yet—during the past twenty years women have learned much from a woman.

It is safe to say that women who prepare themselves for the eventful period, pass through it much easier than in the past.

There is but one course to pursue to subdue the nervous complications, and prepare the system for the change. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be used.

It is well for those approaching this time, to write Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. She has the experience of years to aid her in advising. She will charge you nothing.

She helped this woman, who says:—"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in my family ten years, with the best results. Some time ago my daughter had catarrh of the womb, and it entirely cured her. I was approaching the "change of life," and was in a deplorable condition. My womb had fallen, and the bearing-down pains and backache were terrible, and kidneys affected

"I began taking the Compound, and my pains ceased. I consider it the strong bridge between sickness and health, and recommend it to everybody I meet who needs it."—MRS. L. KELLY, Patchogue, L. I.

NYNU—21

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS. 25 CTS.

TWO BISHOPS ELECTED.

Chaplain McCabe and Earl Cranston Chosen by the Methodists.

NAMED AFTER MANY BALLOTS.

The Election Preceded by Hot Discussion, in the General Conference at Cleveland, Ohio, as to the Postponement of the Whole Contest---Spirited Words by Delegates---New Bishops Introduced.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 20.—On the fifteenth ballot at the Methodist Conference yesterday Chaplain C. C. McCabe was elected Bishop. Earl Cranston was also elected Bishop after further balloting.

Bishop Bowman, senior Bishop of the Methodist Church, presided over the General Conference, probably for the last time. It was the sixteenth day of the conference. None of the important questions to be settled by the conference has yet been discussed on the floor. The questions of time limit, lay representation, amusements, temperance, recognition of Methodist Christian Endeavor Societies, foreign Episcopal residences, location of Episcopal residences in the United States and many other equally important questions are yet to come up.

Rev. Charles L. Stafford, of Iowa, put the conference in a great uproar by moving that the election of bishops be indefinitely postponed. "I am satisfied," he said; "that we do not need these bishops, and the vote of the last few days looks as though the conference thought so, too. Any ten bishops in good health could attend to all the work—and we have fourteen besides the two that have been declared non-effective."

Rev. Dr. Buckley said: "Are you sure that the remedy offered is good for the patient? What is our situation? Three men have already had a majority of the votes cast, and one man came within thirty or forty votes of being elected. To postpone this election would make this conference and our great church ridiculous in the eyes of the world. In one of the dioceses of the Protestant Episcopal Church they have taken fifty and sixty ballots and then adjourned for six months to think it over without an election. And yet the election of a Methodist bishop carries with it more power than a dozen Protestant diocesan bishops. The remedy is this: Let the voting go on until we elect a bishop or until it becomes plainly apparent that we cannot elect anybody."

Rev. James R. Mace, of New Jersey, said: "I hope the motion to postpone will prevail. It is plainly apparent that we have no Episcopal timber in the conference—there is no man who looms up high enough to secure indorsement."

Rev. Mr. Hill said: "The world is looking at us this morning. I move as a substitute for the motion that, commencing with the fourteenth ballot, we commence to drop men for whom few are voting until there is an election."

Cries of "No," "No," amid much confusion were heard, and Bishop Bowman ruled the substitute out of order.

Rev. Dr. A. J. Kynett, of Philadelphia: "It is said that the situation is unparalleled. I do not think so. We are transacting our business, and it will not matter if this contest goes on for days."

The conference decided amid much confusion and noise not to suspend the rules, and the motion to postpone the election of bishops indefinitely was defeated.

Chaplain McCabe was elected on the fifteenth ballot, the second one taken during the morning. There were 504 votes cast; 336 were necessary to a choice and Chaplain McCabe received 344. Tremendous applause greeted the announcement. The new bishop was called to the platform, but he declined to make any remarks.

Earl Cranston, of Cincinnati, was chosen, the second bishop to be elected, on the sixteenth ballot.

ILLNESS COST HIM A THRONE.

Otto Francis Joseph Now Heir to the Austro-Hungarian Throne.

Archduke Charles Louis, heir apparent to the Austrian throne and brother of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, died suddenly in Vienna. Dispatches from Buda-Pesth say that the announcement of his death has created a feeling of sorrow throughout Hungary, where the Archduke was very popular, and casts a shade of sadness over the celebration of Hungary's millennium. The principal celebration, which was to take place on June 8, has been postponed, and a period of mourning has been officially ordered.

ARCHDUKE FRANCIS FERDINAND.
(Incurable illness prevents his succeeding to the throne.)

Archduke Charles Louis's second son, Archduke Otto Francis Joseph, is now regarded as heir to the Austro-Hungarian throne; his elder brother, Archduke Francis Ferdinand, who became heir to the throne after the suicide of Archduke Rudolph, the Prince Imperial, in January, 1889, and the abdication of his father, being incurably ill, and, consequently, incapacitated from succeeding to the throne.

Suicide to Escape Arrest.

At Stuart, Neb., John Carberry, accused of complicity in the Fenton cattle stealing case, killed himself by shooting just as the Sheriff arrived to place him under arrest.

Fifteen Years for Hammond and Other Leaders.

A despatch from Pretoria says that the Executive Council of the Transvaal has decided that Colonel Frank W. Rhodes, brother of Cecil Rhodes; Lionel Phillips, George Farrar and John Hays Hammond, the American; the leaders of the Johannesburg Reform Committee, who was sentenced to death for high treason against the Transvaal, but whose sentences were subsequently commuted, shall undergo fifteen years' imprisonment.

It is generally hoped that this sentence will be modified. It adds that fifteen years in the Pretoria Jail for middle-aged men is almost equivalent to death.

Cranberry Bogs Destroyed.

The forest fire which devastated a large amount of property in and around Sandwich, Mass., only a month ago was at that time considered the worst ever heard of on the Cape, but the Tremont conflagration, which started at Kelly's sawmill a few days ago, has surpassed it in the amount of damage done to property. It was driven by a northwest wind at a terrific rate in the direction of Parker's Mills, and then toward White Island Pond and Half Way Pond, destroying the most valuable cranberry land in the world. It has covered an area of land more than twenty miles long and from three to six miles in width, and totally destroyed an immense amount of valuable woodland.

Curious Accident to a Train.

At Air Line Junction, Ohio, as fast freight No. 63 was pulling out, the air-hose broke, setting the front brakes. An empty stock car in the middle of the train was crushed like a paper box, and of seven men who were riding in it one was killed and five were more or less severely injured.

A Dispatcher's Fatal Blunder.

There was a head-end collision between the regular freight and south-bound freight trains between Chapin's and Little Mountain, in South Carolina, due to a mistake of the train dispatcher at Newberry. The engineer, named Williford, of Carlton, Ga., and two colored trainhands, names unknown, were killed and fourteen box cars burned.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

The act approved by the President "to provide for the safety of passengers on excursion steamers," had its inception in the complaint made by Lord Dunraven of the crowding of the Defender-Valkyrie regatta course. Hereafter there will be no opportunity for excursion steamers and other vessels to interfere with aquatic sports.

The bill to impose an educational test on immigrants was passed by the House.

T. F. Jamison, sentenced in Virginia to six months' imprisonment and $500 fine for making false returns and entries on distillers' books, has been pardoned by the President.

The District of Columbia bill was passed by the Senate, leaving only two appropriation bills to be acted on.

The title of W. O. Owens to the seat in the House from the Seventh Kentucky District was confirmed. Bills to restrict immigration were discussed.

The President nominated N. M. Jackson, of Alaska, to be Commissioner for the District of Alaska, to reside at Wrangel.

The Senate confirmed the following nominations: William Lochren, of Minnesota, to be United States District Judge for the District of Minnesota, vice R. R. Nelson, resigned; Robert Lee Jenkins, of North Carolina, United States Consul at Patras, Greece.

Alexander W. Terrell, Minister to Turkey, arrived in Washington from Texas in obedience to a summons from the President. He had interviews with the President and Secretary Olney.

Lieutenant Sobral, naval attache of the Spanish Legation, has published an article on American coast defence which, it was thought, would cause the United States Government to demand his recall.

The President sent to the Senate the nominations of John Fowler, of Massachusetts, to be Consul of the United States at Cho Foo, China, and Robert Lee Jenkins, of North Carolina, to be Consul of the United States at Patras, Greece.

The House Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds ordered a favorable report on the bill of Mr. Little, of Arkansas, to prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors in the Capitol building.

The contested election case of Hoge against Otey was decided by the House in favor of Mr. Otey, the sitting member.

Exports of breadstuffs for the ten months ending with April 30 increased from $89,334,000 in 1895 to $111,958,000 this year.

The fifteenth annual report of the United States Geological Survey has been issued. It is a large volume profusely illustrated and embodies a number of special features.

The President sent to the Senate the nominations of Ernest A. Mau, of Florida, to be Consul at Bergen, Norway, and Robert Ransom, of North Carolina, to be Second Secretary of the Legation to Mexico.

Domestic.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Cincinnati	18	9	.667	Chicago	15	13	.536
Cleveland	16	8	.667	Wash'gt'n	13	13	.500
Boston	17	9	.654	Brooklyn	11	15	.423
Pittsburg	14	10	.583	New York	9	17	.346
Baltimore	15	11	.577	St. Louis	8	18	.333
Philadel.	14	12	.538	Louisville	5	21	.192

John L. Graham, of Rochester, was chosen Department Commander by the G. A. R. Encampment at Utica, N. Y.

Tillie Lock, a nineteen-year-old girl, whose clothing became ignited from a gas stove in New York City, ran across a five-story fire escape into a neighboring flat, which her burning garments set on fire. She died later in Roosevelt Hospital.

Andover, Mass., celebrated its 250th anniversary.

In an affray at Fort Thomas, Ky., Private Brown of the United States Army was fatally stabbed by Sergeant Harkins, of Company A, while Harkins was shot through the ear by Sergeant Raymond, of Company G.

James Dazzel, colored, was taken from the jail in St. Bernard parish, Louisiana, and lynched. He was arrested for attacking a white woman near the Poydras plantation.

Henry Whalen perished in the barn of George W. Ives at Hamden, Conn. The barn burned with eleven horses, three cows and thirty tons of hay. Loss, $12,000.

A fire in a coal bunker near the magazine of the United Statesbattle ship Indiana, at anchor in New York harbor, was extinguished quickly and quietly while the ship was thronged with visitors.

The town of Andover, Mass., celebrated the 250th anniversary of its founding.

By the explosion of a sawmill boiler at Hoffman, N. C., three men were killed.

The prisoners in Newport (Ky.) jail sawed the hinges off a rear door and all escaped except Jackson and Walling, the alleged murderers of Pearl Bryan, who refused to leave, thinking it a plan to lynch them.

A railroad wreck occurred two miles south of Waldo, Wis., in which three men were killed and two seriously injured. The dead are Emil Caspari, a brakeman; John Miller, a tramp; and John O'Connor, engineer.

Fires of incendiary origin have destroyed timber valued at $500,000 in West Virginia.

Excited Italians drove fourteen spectators from a ball field, near Hazleton, Penn., and many persons were shot in the riot.

The trotting mare Nightingale, the property of C. J. Hamlin, dropped dead at Louisville, Ky.; she was valued at over $10,000.

The Democratic State Committee met in New York City and fixed June 24 as the date and Saratoga as the place for the New York State Convention to elect four delegates-at-large to the National Convention.

Rear Admiral Thomas H. Stevens, United States Navy (retired), died in Rockville, Md. Admiral Stevens was born in Middletown, Conn., in 1819.

Scott Jackson was convicted and sentenced to death at Newport, Ky., for the murder of Pearl Bryan.

John Hepner, a hotel keeper of Centralia, Penn., was shot and killed by Michael Corrigan, to whom he had refused to sell a drink.

During a terrific electric storm near Norfolk, Va., a large frame house on the farm of T. J. Cramer was struck by lightning and burned to the ground. S. L. Dashiel and an unknown boy perished in the flames.

The doors of the Sumner National Bank, Wellington, Kan., were closed because of a run which has been in progress for several days. The obligations to depositors and reserve agents are $63,000. The assets are estimated to be largely in excess of that amount.

Eugene Akers, also known as "Diamond" Akers, a confectioner of New York City, was robbed of $25,000 worth of diamonds.

Police Captain Killilea, of New York City, was acquitted of the charge of improperly accepting $100 from the managers of the Yale-Princeton football game.

Foreign Notes.

Queen Victoria's birthday was officially celebrated in London.

British colonists in Guiana are greatly alarmed at the prospect of an adverse decision of the Anglo-Venezuelan boundary dispute.

A despatch from Bulowayo, South Africa, says that Colonel Napier, of the British forces, with 160 men, while engaged in establishing a heliogram station, was attacked by a large force of natives, but after a sharp fight the natives were driven away, leaving eighty dead behind them.

The Russian press continues its attacks on the Cuban policy of the United States.

The German life insurance companies have been summoned to a conference at Eisenach to establish a consolidated union of all the German companies.

Baron von Kotze, formerly Court Chamberlain, was sentenced at Berlin, Germany, to two years' imprisonment in a fortress for the killing of Baron von Schrader, Master of Ceremonies of the Prussian Court, in a duel.

Italian troops withdrew from Adigrat, Abyssinia, and the campaign is considered to be at an end.

Mrs. Annie Dyer, the baby farmer, who, with her son-in-law, Arthur E. Palmer, was arrested at Reading, England, on April 11, charged with murdering a number of infants whose bodies were found in the river, has been legally declared insane.

There were five fatal cases of cholera in Marseilles, France.

The bark Mozambique lost five men from yellow fever on her voyage from Rio Janeiro to New York, and one man jumped overboard and was drowned.

It is reported from Suakim, on the Red Sea, that the Khalifa, the leader of the Dervishes, is dead.

The Turkish Sultan's fear of assassination has led to wholesale arrests of Armenians, who are barbarously tortured to force confessions from them.

Rev. Dr. I. J. Lansing, of Boston, whose parishioners have just asked him to resign, first came into public notice about two years ago, by making some reflections upon the personal habits of President Cleveland, for which he afterward apologized. A short time ago he denounced the late Governor Greenhalge, of Massachusetts.

The Retail Clerks' Association of Milwaukee, Wis., have prosecuted and convicted a merchant for keeping his store open on Sunday, contrary to the law. It is the first Sunday closing conviction ever obtained in that city.

CYCLING NOTES.

Brooklyn Bridge is now free to cyclers.

It has been estimated that one in every 800 bicycle riders in America is colored.

During 1895 the wheel trade is estimated to have spent nearly $1,850,000 for advertising.

The Ariel Cyclers, of Asbury Park, N. J., is a new organization, composed entirely of women.

A paper in Nice advertises among its other attractions a private race track solely for the use of its cycling patrons.

Jersey City (N. J.) officials are working hand in hand with the wheelmen by placing signboards at corners where they have been much needed.

The Century Road Club of Toronto, Canada, has been revived. In addition to awarding gold bars to century riders the club will control all road racing in Canada.

One clause in the regulations governing cycling in Germany strikes the ordinance observer as slightly superfluous, "No bicycle may be ridden unless provided with a handle bar."

The New York State circuit will open at Buffalo on June 6. It will include meets in Rochester, Albany, Cohoes and other points, closing at Manhattan Beach, Coney Island, on June 27.

The wheelmen of Utica, Syracuse, Frankfort, Ilion, Mohawk and Little Falls, N. Y., are interesting themselves in constructing a cinder path that will extend from Syracuse to Albany.

The L. A. W. guide posts in New Jersey consist of a steel pillar, seven feet high, surmounted by a board shaped like a hand. On this is painted the L. A. W. symbol and the distance to the nearest town of any importance.

There is a heavy demand by bicyclists for Government geographical survey maps of country roads. These maps show the topographical character of the country, the road surfaces and the hills, and thus tell where pleasant territory for bicycle riding can be found. The maps were made expressely for the Army.

The farmers of Oxford County, Me., are nearly all taking to bicycles. The other day one of them rode three miles to the store on a wheel carrying a pail of butter in one hand and a basket of eggs in the other. Another lashed a bag of meal to the handlebars of his wheel and rode home with the load, passing a neighbor who was returning in a wagon.

One of the most dangerous persons on a roadway is the alleged expert who rides with his hands off the handle-bars. Too frequently riders are seen with their hands folded, and there have been several narrow escapes from accidents caused by them. In some of the Western cities ordinances have been passed against such performances, and several arrests have been made.

The collection of toll on the turnpikes leading out of Washington and Baltimore is likely to be abandoned, owing to the fact that wheelmen seem too anxious to have the order enforced. They have been advised by lawyers that damage to wheels through bad roads could, under the circumstances, be collected from the owners of the turnpikes, which would be expensive for the latter.

The Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburg have come to the conclusion that they cannot consistently make a charge for bicycles on their Western roads which they are not permitted to make on some of their Eeastern lines. Notice has therefore been issued that hereafter bicycles will be transported free in baggage cars between all points on their lines west of Pittsburg and the Vandalia lines.

Mobile (Ala.) wheelmen have a big fight on their hands. In that city for some years past an annual tax of twenty-five cents per wheel was imposed by the city fathers. Recently, however, the Aldermen thought that the tax ought to be higher, and so they raised the ante to $1. The wheelmen refused to pay the tax, but, instead, chipped in and retained eminent counsel. The result will probably be that the tax will be wiped out altogether.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Tredway has joined the Louisvilles.

Doyle's absence hurts the Baltimores.

The Brooklyns are in a crippled condition.

Latham has been unconditionally released by the St. Louis Club.

The Boston team contains seven New England League graduates.

The pitching department at present seems to be Boston's weak point.

The Bostons played two consecutive games at Louisville without a fielding error.

New York and Boston are both after Tannehill, the Virginia League's left-hand pitcher.

After winning eight straight games Mercer, of the Washingtons, pitched his first losing game of the season against St. Louis.

Just to show what a good baseball town Louisville is the "rooters" turned out to the number of 9000 as a result of the winning streak of the home team.

An umpire has about 300 decisions during a game of ball, including those on balls and strikes, and it would be more than human if he got every decision right without a mistake.

Baseball still holds the public in Boston. Crowds throng the field, so as to interfere seriously with the players, and the newspapers report and illustrate the games on the first page.

The average attendance at baseball games so far this year has been considerably larger than ever, showing what a great and increasing hold the National Game has upon our people.

President Beach is of the opinion that the place to get recruits was not in minor leagues, but in up-country clubs, where they sprang up by nature, and didn't need to be trained.

There are now two old baseball players employed as baseball editors on prominent Boston dailies—John Morrill and "Tim" Murnane. And both covered first base for the old Boston team.

Anson, of Chicago, very sensibly declares that left-handed batsmen should be practiced against the left-handed pitchers of their team, with a view to getting a line on the south-winged pitchers of opposition teams.

Many of the "fans" of the present day do not remember Umpire Weidman as a pitcher. He was one of the best in the big league, pitching for Detroit in the famous eighteen-inning 1 to 0 game at Providence that Baldbourn won with a home run.

The Philadelphia team, with any kind of luck, will be a strong factor in the League race. There are plenty of big hitters and a corps of excellent pitchers, besides equally good fielders. As Captain Nash has absolute authority he is almost sure to get winning results.

A coach line grammer would develop numerous wonders of the Queen's English. Here are a few samples: "Don't you git ketched!" "Watch out!" "Them fellers is foxy!" "Look where you're going at!" "Dere's only two balls on him!" "Go down to second, already!" "Where are you going?" "Make it good," and others equally entertaining.

There are many queer things about baseball. An illustration can be found in the Indianapolis Club, of the Western League. The newest leader champions last season are the tail enders to-day, despite the fact that Manager Watkins said his team was fifty per cent. stronger than last year.

A Great Musical Event.

The National sangerfest to be held at Pittsburg, Penn., on June 8, will be, it is said, the greatest musical event ever known in this country. An orchestra of 100 instruments, comprising many of the best performers of the country, and a chorus of 3000 trained voices will be the features. Herr Zollner, of New York, is the musical director.

Fatally Shoots the Umpire.

At Vivian, W. Va., a gang of colored miners, off for a half-holiday, engaged in a game of baseball. "Jim" Carrigan tried to make a home run, but was declared out at the home plate by the umpire, Charles Hunt. This so enraged Carrigan that he went home, got his shotgun and fired a load of buckshot into the umpire, inflicting wounds, probably fatal. A new umpire was substituted, and the game went on, Carrigan taking part in it.

Favor Civil Service.

The National Convention of Police Chiefs at Atlanta, Ga., adopted a resolution favoring the divorcement of politics from the Police Department.

Sunday Opening of Museums in London.

The success of the Sunday opening of public institutions in London is beyond dispute. The National Gallery, the South Kensington Museum, the great working class palace at Bethnal Green, each Sunday since the movement began, three weeks ago, have contained well-dressed crowds, conducting themselves with the decorum of a church meeting. The innovation is justified so far as public morals are concerned. The religious press admit the success of the movement as tested by its orderliness.

Worth a Fortune a Pound.

Tungstate of calcium has gone up to $576 a pound since Edison discovered its flourescence under the X rays.

DELEGATES TO CHICAGO.

The Democrats Hold Their Conventions in Four States.

THE MONEY PLANKS ADOPTED.

Iowa and South Carolina Declare for Silver, While New Hampshire and South Dakota Favor a Gold Standard ---The Dubuque Convention Proposes Boles for the Presidency.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, May 21.—The Democratic State Convention yesterday declared for Horace Boles for President and free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 by the decisive vote of 670 to 265. The convention was the stormiest in the history of Iowa. Whenever Cleveland's name was mentioned—as it was frequently—the sound money men cheered wildly, while hisses and groans issued from the adherents of Mr. Boles.

EX-GOVERNOR HORACE BOIES.
(Iowa's delegation instructed to support him at Chicago.)

The sound money men had the majority in the First and Second Districts, and the convention was harmonious on the one point that they should be allowed to name the delegates from these districts, the silver men taking the delegates from the other nine districts, and naming Horace Boles, S. B. Evans, W. A. Wells and Louis Genung as delegates-at-large.

Temporary Chairman Wright's speech in favor of sound money provoked a demonstration from the gold men. Cheers followed the mention of Boles's name. When he appeared to address the convention they were silent and silent, while the silver men almost raised the roof.

The resolution favoring free coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 provoked the bitterest fighting of the day, but it was finally passed.

The delegates are instructed to vote as a unit, and the resolutions declare that it is "the bounden duty of every patriot in Iowa, without regard to former party affiliations, to use all honorable means to secure the nomination at Chicago of Governor Boies for President, to the end that principles of Jeffersonian Democracy be preserved and promoted and liberty and prosperity be restored to the great body of the American people."

Judge Nathaniel French, of Davenport, submitted the report of the minority containing a sound-money plank. It was defeated by a vote of 617½ to 216½.

TILLMAN IN CONTROL.

The South Carolina Democrats Declared for Free Silver.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 21.—The South Carolina Democratic Convention, which met yesterday, was thoroughly anti-Cleveland and for free silver. The platform was prepared by Senator Tillman and was practically unanimously adopted. The money plank says: "We demand the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 regardless of the action of any and all Nations. And such coinage should be a legal tender for all debts, public and private. Therefore, we demand that the National banking system be abolished."

The platform, as reported, denounces the Cleveland Administration. The present Supreme Court system is said to be dangerous and a constitutional convention is demanded to meet the changed condition and growth of the country. There is a plank against monopolies and trust. The platform also demands the enlargement of the power of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

A minority report, signed by two members, pledged allegiance to the National party and nominees, and demanded the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on the circulation of State banks.

NEW HAMPSHIRE FOR GOLD.

Democrats Choose Delegates to Chicago Who Favor Sound Money.

CONCORD, N. H., May 21.—The New Hampshire Democrats placed themselves solidly on a gold platform in their convention yesterday. The delegates, it is said, will vote for William E. Russell for President, although they are uninstructed. The money plank in the platform declares:

"Under present conditions there can be but one standard of value, and every kind of currency should rest upon a gold basis, so long as gold is the standard recognized by the great commercial Nations of the world."

The platform demands a tariff that will meet the expenses of the Government and incidentally afford required protection to American capital and labor. It declares for the Monroe doctrine and contains a resolution favoring the guarding of civil and religious rights of citizens.

South Dakota Democrats.

SIOUX FALLS, South Dakota, May 20.—The sound money men captured the Democratic State Convention at Aberdeen. More than half of the counties instructed for free silver, and it was supposed that the convention would go overwhelmingly for the white metal, but some of the larger counties were opposed to free coinage and the others were uninstructed. The State Committee voted for a sound money chairman by one majority, and when the fight was carried into the convention the committee was sustained by a vote of 240 to 152. Judge E. Garland was named Chairman of the Resolutions Committee, and he drew the sound money plank. He will head the delegation at Chicago.

Lynched in Kansas.

Half a dozen farmers of Beaver Township, Cowley County, Kansas, went gunning for a thief who had gone into their neighborhood in the guise of a man looking for work, and riddled him with bullets. He had stolen several articles from them. He showed fight and wounded a farmer named Sheriff. Before dying the thief gave his name as Ed Smith and said he was from McComb, Ill.

A Popular Marble.

Georgia marble is used in every State in the Union, from Maine to California and from British America to the Gulf of Mexico.

Prominent People.

Edison has taken out 711 patents up to date.

The Czar of Russia is said to be privately practicing on a bicycle.

Richard W. Thompson, of Indiana, is said to be the oldest active politician in the country.

The Prince of Wales has been unanimously re-elected Grand Master of the British Mark Masons for the ensuing year.

Secretary Morton will return to Nebraska and go to farming when he leaves the Cabinet. He has a fine estate out there.

Alfred Austin, the English laureate, was special correspondent for the London Standard during the Franco-Prussian War.

The Secretary of the Treasury and Mrs. Carlisle have taken a house for the summer at Marion, Mass., a short distance from the home of the President at Buzzard's Bay.

Worcester, Mass., is indebted to a public-spirited citizen, the Hon. Stephen Salisbury, for a munificent gift of a site valued at $70,000 and $100,000 in cash with which to install an art museum in that city.

Prince Albert of Flanders has just come of age. He is the presumptive heir of the crown of Belgium, as his father, the heir, has announced that he will not accept the crown if it falls to him.

The late Alexander Macmillan made a practice of sitting up till 3 o'clock in the morning reading the manuscripts of books submitted to him for publication. His judgment as to what would take with the public was infallible.

THE MARKETS

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

21

MILK AND CREAM.

The average price paid for the surplus on the platforms has been $1.10 a can of 40 quarts. Receipts of milk and cream at the different railroad distributing points in and near the city for the week have been as follows:

Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals	23,552
Condensed milk, gals	2'8
Cream, gals	1,116

BUTTER.

Creamery—Extras, ₽	15	@	15½
Firsts	14	@	14½
Thirds to seconds	11	@	13
State—Fancy	—	@	15
Welsh tubs—Fancy	—	@	14½
Western Im. Creamery	10	@	12
Western Dairy	9	@	11
Factory, firsts	9½	@	10

CHEESE.

State—Fullcream, white, fancy	—	@	8
Full cream, good to prime	7	@	7½
State Factory—Part skims, large	2	@	5
Part skims, choice	5½	@	6
Full skims	2	@	2½

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh	—	@	11
Jersey—Fancy	—	@	12
Western—Prime to choice	—	@	10½
Southern—Best	—	@	—
Duck eggs, ₽ doz	—	@	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, 1895, choice	1 32½	@	1 35
Medium, 1895, choice	—	@	1 15
Pea, 1895, choice	—	@	1 12½
Red kidney, 1895, choice	—	@	1 10
White kidney, 1895, choice	—	@	1 15
Black turtle soup, 1895	—	@	1 25
Lima, Cal., 1895, ₽ 60 lbs	1 80	@	1 85
Green peas, bbls	—	@	77½

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Oranges, Cal., ₽ box	2 00	@	3 75
Grapes, Catawba, ₽ basket	—	@	—
State, ₽ basket	—	@	—
Apples, Ben Davis, ₽ bbl	3 50	@	4 50
Russet	2 50	@	3 00
Baldwin	2 50	@	3 50
Cranberries, Jersey, ₽ crate	75	@	1 75
Strawberries, N. C., ₽ qt	9	@	12
Huckleberries, N. C., ₽ qt	13	@	20

HOPS.

State—1895, choice, ₽ lb	—	@	8
1895, common to fair	3½	@	5½
Pacific Coast, choice	—	@	7
Common to prime	3½	@	6
Old odds, 1893	1½	@	2½

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₽ 100 lb	1 00	@	1 05
Clover mixed	72½	@	75
Straw—Long rye	1 00	@	1 10
Oat	55	@	65

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, Southern, ₽ bbl	1 00	@	4 00
Old, ₽ sack	50	@	1 00
Sweet, ₽ bbl	—	@	—
Cabbage, ₽ crate	1 00	@	1 75
Onions, old, ₽ bbl	25	@	1 25
Bermuda, ₽ crate	1 00	@	1 25
Squash, Fla., ₽ crate	50	@	75
Celery, ₽ doz. stalks	25	@	1 25
Carrots	50	@	1 00
Turnips, Russia	50	@	75
Watercress, ₽ 100 bunches	1 50	@	2 00
Rhubarb, ₽ 100 bunches	1 00	@	1 50
Lettuce, ₽ bbl	1 00	@	2 00
Tomatoes, ₽ crate	1 00	@	2 00
Green peas, ₽ basket	—	@	1 00
String beans, ₽ crate	75	@	1 25
Beets, ₽ crate	50	@	1 00
Kale, ₽ bbl	75	@	1 00
Spinach, ₽ bbl	75	@	1 25
Asparagus, ₽ doz bunches	50	@	1 50
Radishes, ₽ bbl	50	@	1 00
Egg plant, ₽ bbl	2 00	@	4 00
Cucumbers, ₽ crate	1 50	@	3 00

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₽ lb	—	@	10
Spring chickens, ₽ lb	17	@	22
Roosters, old, ₽ lb	—	@	6
Turkeys, ₽ lb	—	@	10
Ducks, ₽ pair	60	@	85
Geese, ₽ pair	75	@	1 00
Pigeons, ₽ pair	25	@	35

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₽ lb	8	@	10
Chickens, Phila., ₽ pair	26	@	28
Western, light weight	8½	@	9
Fowls, ₽ lb	—	@	—
L. I. Spring ducks, ₽ lb	17	@	18
Geese, ₽ lb	—	@	—
Squabs, ₽ doz	1 50	@	2 50

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Patents	4 30	@	4 50
Spring Patents	3 75	@	3 85
Wheat—No. 2 Red	74¾	@	75¾
July	—	@	68¾
Corn—No. 2	—	@	35¾
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	29¾
Track, White	25	@	28
Rye—No. 2, Western	44	@	44½
Barley—Feeding	37½	@	38
Seeds—Timothy, ₽ 100	3 50	@	4 00
Clover	6 75	@	8 25
Lard—City steam	—	@	4 25

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed	6	@	7
Milch c